

# MX3G HMI PLC All-in-One User Manual

Thank you for purchasing Coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one products. This manual mainly explains the product features, specifications and wiring methods. For detailed PLC programming, please refer to "Coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one Programming Manual"; for the HMI part, please refer to "Coolmay TP HMI User

### Features of MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one:

- 1. Super function. The PLC is compatible with FX3S PLC, and the operation speed is fast.
- 2. Highly integrated. Digital points Max 24 inputs and 24 outputs, digital output optional transistor or mixed output; analog points Max 9 inputs and 2 outputs. Comes with 2 PLC programming ports (RS232/Type-C port) and 1 HMI download port (Type-C port).
- 3. Support several high-speed counting and high-speed pulse. Acceleration and deceleration are independent; the total of high-speed counting + high-speed pulse cannot exceed 300KHz.
- 4. Special encryption. HMI and PLC can be encrypted separately, and the PLC password can be set as 12345678 to completely prevent reading the program. [Note: PLC only supports 8-bit password encryption]
- 5, PLC is compatible with software GX Developer8.860 and GXWorks2, HMI is TPWorks programming software.
- 6. The thermocouple input can be customized according to customer requirements. More specifications can be customized in bulk orders.

### **Product Details**

♦ Naming rules MX3G - 43C - 22 M RT - 4AD 2DA - V - A0 - 1C1 - 1P - 485P/232H 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

1. Series MX3G: MX3G series

43C-43" 70C-7" 2 HMI

3. Digital input and output(DI/DO) 22: 12DI 10DO, 32: 16DI 16DO, 48: 24DI 24DO

4. Module Type M: General Controller Main Module

5. Digital output type R: relay, T: transistor, RT: both relay and transistor 6. Analog input (AD) 43C defaults to 5AD, 70C can be customized to 9AD

7. Analog output (DA) 43C defaults to 1 channel voltage + 1 channel current output,

70C defaults to 2 channel current output

8. Analog input type E: Thermocouple E (type K/T/S/J can be customized, support negative temperature)

NTC: Thermistor (10K) A0: 0-20mA current V: 0-10V voltage

9. Analog output type A0: 0-20mA current V: 0-10V voltage

10. C1: single-phase high-speed counting, C2: AB phase counting, C3: ABZ phase counting

Generally 2 channels single phase 60KHz + 4 channels 10KHz or 1 channel AB (Z) phase

30KHz + 1 channel AB (Z) phase 5KHz

11. P0: high-speed pulse 10KHz; P: high-speed pulse 100KHz; generally 4 channels, Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, 70C: Y2-Y3 is 50KHz, 43C: Y2-Y3 is 10KHzThe total of high-speed counting + high-speed pulse cannot

exceed 300KHz

12. Optional COM port, refer to [Chart 1: Basic parameter]

### Chart 1: Basic parameter

Specifications of		gital ints			COM port		High-speed counting		High-s peed pulse														
HMI PLC all-in-one	DI	DO	AD	DA	HMI	PLC	Single phase	AB phase	ABZ phase	Output													
MX3G-43C-22MRT/22MT	12	10	5	2	The HMI of 43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes	43C comes		Generally single-phase	General- lv AB	Generally ABZ	Generally 4 channels; Y0-Y1 is
MX3G-70C-32MT/32MRT	16	16		_	5 2	with 1 RS232; The HMI of 7C HMI comes with 1 RS232 or can be	Comes with 1 RS485	2 channels 60KHz+4 channels 10KHz;	phase 1 channel 30KHz+1 channel 5KHz:	phase 1 channel 30KHz+1 channel 5KHz:	100KHz, 100KHz, 72-Y3 of 70C is 50KHz, Y2-Y3 of 43C is 10KHz;												
MX3G-70C-48MT/48MRT	24	24	2	5 2		5 2	customized as 1 RS485			3,0,12,	31(12)	15101712,											

YO, Y1 of 43C and Y0-Y13 of 70C are fixed as MT (transistor) output, load 0.1A/point. Others are generally MT transistor output, load Max 500mA; MR is relay output, load Max 5A; MRT is mixed output, customized according to customer requirements.

43C/70C analog input comes with 2 channels of voltage 0-10V+2 channels of current 0-20mA+1 channel NTC10K. 43C analog utput comes with 1 channel voltage 0-10V+1 channel current 0-20mA, 70C analog output comes with 2 channels current 0-20MA; Among them, the purchase of 200 units or more supports custom 4-channel thermocouples (E/K/T/S/J type, supports negative mperature), and 43C custom thermocouples cannot coexist with the built-in current and voltage.

### Chart 2: Electrical parameter

		eriare Er Ereceriour paramet	
	Electric parameter		
Input voltage DC24V			
	Digital input index		
Isolation mode	Photoco	upling	
Input impedance	High-speed input 3.4KΩ	Common input 4.3KΩ	

### (Continued from above chart)

Input ON	High-speed input: current>5.8mA/24V	Common input: current >9.9mA/24\		
Input OFF	High-speed input: current<4.5mA/19V	Common input: current >4mA/17V		
Filter function	With filter function, the filter time can be set among 0-60ms, defaulted as 10ms			
High-speed counting		KHz+4 channels 10KHz or 1 channel AB(Z) nnel AB(Z) phase 5KHz		
Input level	Passive NPN, common termina	l isolation, S/S connected to 24V+		
	Digital relay output	index		
Max current	2A/point, 4A/4point COM	,5A/8point COM, 5A/12point COM		
Circuit power voltage	DC/	AC24V~220V		
Circuit insulation	Relay med	chanical insulation		
On response time	Al	pout 10ms		
Mechanical life (without load)	10 m	nillion times		
Electrical life (rated load)	30	0,000 times		
Output level	Normally open dry contact output, CC	M can be connected to positive or negative		
	Digital transistor or	utput index		
Max current		e fixed as MT output, load 0.1A/point; points COM, 1.6A/12 points COM		
Circuit power voltage	Do	C24V		
Circuit insulation	Optoco	upler insulation		
Isolation voltage (power-terminal)	1500VAC			
On response time	High-speed output: 10µs; others: 0.5ms			
High-speed output frequency	Generally 4 channels, Y0-Y1 of 43C is 100KHz, and Y2-Y3 is 10KHz; Y0-Y1 of 70C is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 50KHz Y0, Y1 of 43C and Y0-Y13 of 70C are fixed as MT, DC2V active NPN output;			
Output level		OM is connected to negative.		
	Analog input index			
Input signal	Thermocouple/NTC10K/0-10V/0-20mA			
Response time	1 sca	ining cycle		
Analog input	0-9	channels		
Precision		12 bits		
	Analog output inde	X		
Output signal	0-10V/	0-20mA		
Analog output	2 cha	innels		
Precision	12	bits		
	External port			
COM port	Refer to "Char	t 1: basic parameter"		
	Environment			
Operating temperature	0	°C~50°C		
Relative humidity		6~95%RH		
Storage temperature	-2	0°C~70°C		
Vibrational frequency	10-57Hz, amplitude 0.035mm	10-57Hz, amplitude 0.035mm; 57Hz-150Hz, acceleration 4.9m/s <sup>2</sup> (10 times each in X, Y, and Z directions, total 80 minutes each)		

# Mechanical Design

### Installation dimension

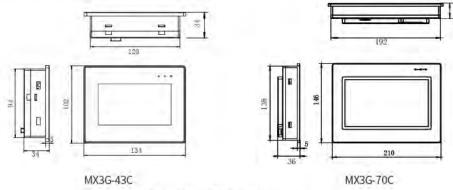


Figure 1 Installation dimension

Model	Max digital	Max analog	Installation	dimension	Dimension
(wode)	point	point	A(mm)	B(mm)	W*H*D(mm)
MX3G-43C	12DI/10DO	5AD/2DA	120	94	134*102*34
MX3G-70C	24DI/24DO	9AD/2DA	192	138	210*146*36

<sup>\*</sup> More specifications can be customized for bulk orders

# **Electric Design**

### Product structure



1 Terminal block of power supply Four side mounting holes

- 3 FG: cover protection GND 0V: 24V negative 24V: 24V positive
- 3 Terminal block of DO
- Terminal block of DI
- (\$) PWR: power indicator RUN: PLC operating indicator COM: flash when PLC communicates with HMI
- 6 HMI programming port (Type-C);
- 7 PLC programming port (Type-C)
- 8 PLC operating switch RUN/STOP (9) AD[Note: A/B is RS485]
- (ii) PLC programming port RS232/HMI default RS232
- (12) LCD
- 13 PLC/HMI RS485

Hardware interface



Figure 3 MX3G-43C



Terminal wiring specifications: 22-14AWG wire. The terminals of this series of models are all pluggable terminals.

Please refer to the product silkscreen for special model interface identification.

### COM interface definition: refer to [Chart 4: Pin definition]

MX3	G-43C all	in-one CO	M
COM1 DB9 port	PLC default	PLC default	HMI default
PIN#	PLC-485-1 Serial port 2	PLC-232 Serial port 3	HMI-232
6			
2		√(RXD)	
3		√(TXD)	-
5		√(GND)	√(GND)
4			√(TXD)
7			√ (RXD)
8			
9			
Terminal 485	V		

V	/IX3G-70	C all-in-c	ine COM	
COM1 DB9□	PLC default	PLC default	HMI default	HMI optional
PIN#		PLC-232 Sefial port 3	HMI-232	Cannot coewst wit HMI-232 (default
2		J'(RXD)		
3		√(TXD)	14.7	
5		√(GND)	√(RXD)	
4		-	√(TXD)	
7			√(GND)	
8				
9				
Terminal AB Terminal A1B1	PLC-485 Serial port 2			HMI-485





Figure 6 PLC 485 port

# Chart 4: Pin definition COM port description:

- Serial port 2: RS485 (PLC-A, B port): support Mitsubishi programming port protocol, RS protocol and Modbus RTU/ASCII protocol
- \* Support RS, WR3A, RD3A, ADPRW instructions
- · Serial port 3: RS232 (PLC programming port): supports Mitsubishi programming port protocol, RS2 protocol and Modbus RTU/ASCII protocol
- # Support RS2, WR3A, RD3A, ADPRW instructions
- \*\* Note: For detailed settings, please refer to "Coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-One Programming Manual"

### **Equivalent Circuit**

Digital input wiring

PLC input (X) is external power supply DC24V sink type (passive NPN), and the input signal is isolated from the power supply. When in use, it is necessary to connect COM (S/S) to the 24V positive of the power supply.

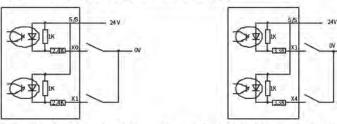


Figure 7 Input wiring (the left one is a high-speed contact, the right one is a normal contact)

### PLC digital input wiring:

Port short connection: The S/S of the PLC input terminal is connected to 24V, and the X terminal is connected to the power supply 0V, that is, the input has a signal:

Two-wire system (magnetic control switch): PLC digital input is connected to a two-wire magnetic control switch, the positive pole of the magnetic control switch is connected to the X terminal, and the negative pole is connected to OV;

Three-wire system (photoelectric sensor or encoder): PLC switch is connected to a three-wire photoelectric sensor or encoder, the power supply of the sensor or encoder is connected to the positive power supply, and the signal cable is connected to the X end; the encoder and photoelectric sensor require NPN type (PNP needs to be specially customized).

PLC digital output wiring:

Transistor: Y0, Y1 of 43C and Y0-Y13 of 70C are fixed as MT output, the wiring load is only 0.1A, and the wiring method is DC24V active NPN output; Other output is NPN, COM is connected to the negative pole, and Y is connected to the positive pole of the power supply after the load.

Relay: dry contact output, COM can be connected to positive or negative.

### Digital output wiring

Figure 8 shows the equivalent circuit diagram of the relay output module. The output terminals are in several groups, and each group is electrically isolated. The output contacts of different groups are connected to different power circuits.

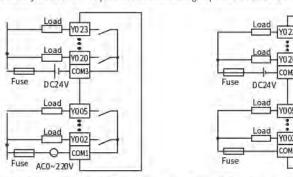


Figure 8 Relay output equivalent circuit

Figure 9 Transistor output equivalent circuit

The PLC output equivalent circuit of the transistor output type is shown in Figure 9. It is also known from the figure that the output terminals are in several groups, and each group is electrically isolated. The output contacts of different groups can be connected to different power circuits; the transistor output can only be used for DC 24V load circuits. The output wiring mode is NPN, COM common cathode. Among them, Y0, Y1 of 43C and Y0-Y13 of 70C are fixed MT output, the wiring load is only 0.1A, and the wiring method is DC24V active NPN output, as shown in Figure 10.

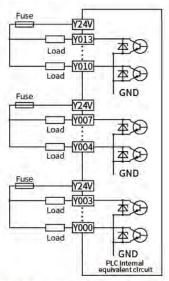


Figure 10 Transistor output equivalent circuit (Y0, Y1 of 43C and Y0-Y13 of 70C)

For the inductive load connected to the AC loop, the external circuit should consider the RC instantaneous voltage absorption circuit; for the inductive load of the DC loop, consider adding a freewheeling diode, as shown in Figure 11.

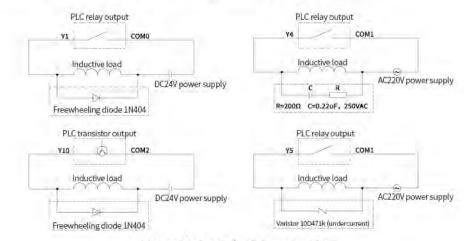


Figure 11 Inductive load absorption circuit

Stepping or servo motor wiring is shown in Figure 12. Y0-Y3 are defaulted as the pulse points of MX3G series PLC (the first 4 channels are output by transistors), and the direction can be customized; Note:5V drive must connect a  $2K\Omega$  resistor on DC24V.

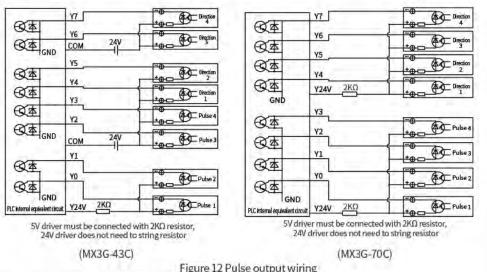


Figure 12 Pulse output wiring

\* Note: All internal circuit in the figures are taken as reference.

### Analog wiring

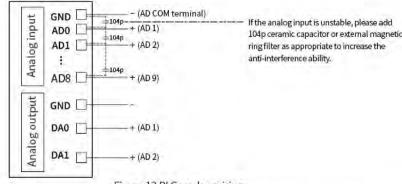


Figure 13 PLC analog wiring

MX3G-43C analog input comes with 2 channels of voltage 0-10V+2 channels of current 0-20mA+1 channel NTC10K, 4 channels of EKSTJ thermocouples can be customized in batches (Note: thermocouples cannot coexist with the built-in voltage and current). Analog output comes with 1 channel voltage 0-10V+1 channel current 0-20MA. The temperature wiring is shown in Figure 13.

MX3G-70C analog input comes with 2 channels of voltage 0-10V+2 channels of current 0-20mA+1 channel NTC10K, and 4 channels of EKSTJ thermocouples can be customized in batches. The analog output comes with 2 currents 0-20mA. The temperature wiring is shown in Figure 14.

Among them, when the thermocouple is not customized, NTC10K can be used as a common temperature measurement, otherwise it can only be used as a cold junction.

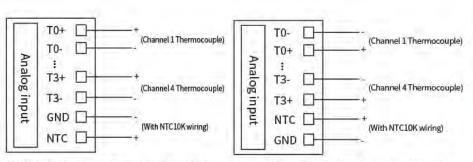


Figure 14 Customized 43C thermocouple wiring

Figure 15 Customized 70C thermocouple wiring

### PLC analog wiring

Two-wire system: the positive pole of the power supply is connected to the positive pole of the transmitter, the negative pole of the transmitter is connected to the AD terminal, and the negative pole of the power supply is connected to the GND terminal. Generally, it is the wiring method of the 4-20mA/0-20mA transmitter:

Three-wire system: the positive pole of the power supply is connected to the positive pole of the transmitter, the negative pole of the power supply and the negative pole of the signal output are the same terminal, and the signal output of the transmitter is connected to the AD terminal Four-wire system: the positive and negative poles of the power supply are respectively connected to the positive and negative poles of the

transmitter, and the positive and negative poles of the transmitter signal output are respectively connected to the AD and GND terminals; The two wires of the temperature analog quantity are connected to the AD terminal and the GND terminal respectively. The GND common terminal of analog input and output can be shared.

# PLC anti-jamming processing

I. Strong electricity and weak electricity should be separated wiring and not common ground. When there is strong electric interference, add magnetic ring on the power supply. And do correct and effective grounding according to the type of the chassis

2. When the analog is disturbed, 104 ceramic capacitors can be added for filtering, and a correct and effective grounding can be performed.

More details please refer to "Methods of Coolmay PLC anti jamming processing"

The soft elements power retentive of HMI PLC all-in-one is permanently retentive, i.e., all the soft elements in the holding area are not lost if the module is powered off. The real-time clock uses rechargeable battery to ensure that the clock is the current time. All power retentive functions must ensure that the voltage is 23V or higher when DC24V power supply with loads, and the PLC power on time is longer than 2 minutes. Otherwise, the power retentive functions will be abnormal

Programming software PLC: compatible with PLC programming software GX Developer 8.86Q and GX Works2 HMI: TP Works HMI programming software

Detailed information, please refer to "Coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-One Programming Manual"

"Coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-One User Manual" "Coolmay TP HMI User Manual"

"Coolmay PLC instruction programming manual"



# MX3G HMI PLC All-in-One User Manual

 Please read carefully the related manuals before using our products, and use this product under the environmental conditions specified in this

- 1. Please confirm the power supply voltage range of this product (Conventional product power supply is only DC24V! Please use a power supply of 18W and above) and connect the power supply correctly to avoid damage.
- 2. When installing this product, please be sure to tighten the screws or clamp the guide rails to avoid falling off.
- 3. Please do not wire or plug or unplug the cable plug when the power is turned on, otherwise it is easy to cause electric shock or circuit damage. Please turn off the power switch immediately when the product emits a peculiar smell or abnormal sound. Do not drop metal shavings and wire ends into the ventilation holes of the controller during screw hole processing and wiring; otherwise, it may cause product failure and misoperation.
- 4. Do not tie the power cord and the communication cable together or put them too close together, should keep them at a distance of more than 10cm; strong and weak currents need to be separated and properly and effectively grounded. In severe interference situations, shielded cables should be used for communication and high-frequency signal input and output cables to improve anti-interference performance. The grounding terminal FG on the machine must be grounded correctly to improve the anti-interference ability.
- 5. The switch input is external power supply DC24V sink type (passive NPN), the input signal is isolated from the power supply, and COM (S/S) needs to be connected to the 24V positive of the external power supply when in use.
- The Y24V of the digital output common terminal is actively output.
- 7. Please do not disassemble the product or modify the wiring at will. Otherwise it may cause failure, malfunction, loss, or fire
- 8. Please turn off all power when installing and disassembling the product, otherwise it will cause equipment malfunction and error.

### Catalog Shenzhen Coolmay Technology Co., Ltd Tel.: 0755-86950416 Product Features 86960332 Product Information 26051858 Electric Parameter 26400661 Mechanical Design Electric Design Fax: 0755-26400661-808 Equivalent circuit 07 QQ: 1687435500 Analog Wiring Email: m3@coolmay.com Anti-interference Processing Website: www.coolmayplc.com Programming Reference Version: 2021/12 Data Reference



(PLC part: Difference comparing with Mitsubishi FX3GS)

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# 1. Overview

# 1.1. MX3G PLC HMI All in one Main Advantage:

◆PLC programming software is compatible with GX Developer8.86/GX Works2

(supports Ladder diagram and SFC language, does not support structured programming/labels).

HMI uses TP HMI's programming software TPWorks.

- ◆Powerful, compatible with FX3S PLC, high processing speed.
- ◆Military level 32 bit CPU adopted, which is faster and more adapted to industrial environment of high electromagnetic interference.
- ◆Special encryption, prevent illegal reading thoroughly. 8-bit encryption, 12345678 as password can thoroughly prevent reading of ladder logic program.
- ◆ Default with 1 HMI download port and two PLC programming ports (RS232/Type-C).
- ◆The PLC of the MX3G-70C all-in-one machine comes with 1 RS485; the HMI comes with 1 RS232, which can be changed to 1 RS485; the PLC of the MX3G-43C all-in-one machine comes with 1 RS485; the HMI comes with 1 RS232. They are used for external HMI and inverters and other equipment.
- ◆Support Mitsubishi programming port protocol/MODBUS protocol/RS protocol, easily realize PLC interconnection and communication with external equipment.
- ◆High-speed counting conventional 2 single-phase 60KHz + 4 10KHz or 1 AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 AB (Z) phase 5KHz; high-speed pulse conventional 4 channels: For 70C, Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 50KHz; For 43C, Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz; high-speed counting + high-speed pulse total transmission cannot exceed 300KHz; acceleration and deceleration are independent.



- ◆Support multiple types analog individually or mixed ones for analog output and input. MX3G-70C is up 9AD2DA, MX3G-43C is up to 5AD2DA. The precision of analog input and output is 12 bits.
- ◆MX3G-70C is up to 24DI/24DO (MR: 12 at most), digital output can be optional transistor MT (maximum load 500mA) or relay and transistor mixed output MRT. MX3G-43C is up to 12DI/10DO (MR: 8 at most), digital output optional transistor MT (Max load: 500mA) or relay and transistor mixed output MRT.
- ◆ Convenient wiring. All wiring terminals adopt 3.81 pitch pluggable terminals, which is convenient for customers to use.
- ◆Flexible, more specifications and batches can be customized according to customer requirements.



# 1.2. Product parameters

Model	MX3G-43C-22M	MX3G-70C-48M			
In		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
Image					
Dimensions	134*102*34mm	210*146*36mm			
Cutout size	120*94mm	192*138mm			
Power	4-6W	6-7W			
consumption	4-0 W	0-7 W			
	НМІ				
Feature	60K colors resistive touch	screen, supports portrait display			
Type	4.3"TFT	7.0"TFT			
Display size	97*56mm	154*87mm			
Resolution	490*272	900*490/1024*/00			
(pixels)	480*272	800*480/1024*600			
RAM	64MB				
ROM	NOR Flash 8MB NOR Flash 16MB				
CPU	32bit CPU 408MHz				
COM	Type-C (HMI download port); PLC program can be downloaded through the USB penetrating function HMI				
	1 RS2	232 on HMI			
Software	<u>TPWorks</u>	s HMI software			
	PLC				
I/O	Max 12DI 10DO (2T8R)	Max 24DI 24DO (12T12R)			
	43C Y0, Y1 and 70C Y0-Y13 fixed MT output, DC	C24V active NPN output;			
I/O level	Other output MT: low level NPN, COM connected to negative;				
I/O ICVCI	Output MR: normally open dry contact;				
	Input: Passive NPN, common terminal isolation				
	Transistor MT/Mixed output MRT	Transistor MT/Mixed output MRT			
	The first 2 channels Y0-Y1 are fixed as MT, and	The first 12 channels Y0-Y13 are fixed as MT, and			
DO type and	the output load is 0.1A/point;	the output load is 0.1A/point;			
load	MT: 0.5A/point, 0.8A/4point COM;	MT: 0.5A/point, 0.8A/4-point COM, 1.6A/8-point			
	MR: 2A/point, 4A/4 points COM.	COM;			
		MR: 2A/point, 4A/4-point COM, 5A/8-point COM.			
High-speed		channels 10KHz or 1 channel AB(Z) phase 30KHz +1			
counting		(Z) phase 5KHz			
High-speed	MT output conventional 4 channels Y0-Y1 is	Conventional 4-channel Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3			
pulse	100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz;	is 50KHz;			
r	High-speed counting + high-speed pulse total	High-speed counting + high-speed pulse total			



		transmission cannot exceed 300KHz	transmission cannot exceed 300KHz			
	Input	Comes with 2 channels of voltage 0-10V+2 channels of current 0-20mA+1 channel NTC10K				
Anal og	Output	Comes with 1 voltage 0-10V + 1 current 0-20MA output	Comes with 2 current 0-20MA outputs			
	Analog I/O	5AI 2AO				
C	OM	Comes with two PLC programming ports (1 TYPE	E-C, faster download speed; 1 RS232 programming port)			
C	OWI	Comes	with 1 RS485			
Sof	tware	Compatible with PLC programming software GX Developer8.86Q And				
301	iwaie	GX Works2				
		Customization conditions: 200 sets and above can be customized				
		①HMI needs to store historical data, you can	①HMI needs to store historical data, you can			
		customize ferroelectric	customize ferroelectric			
cust	omize	②PLC can customize 4-way EKSTJ type	②HMI can be customized with a RS485 (cannot			
		thermocouple (support negative temperature)	coexist with the built-in RS232)			
		(Note: Thermocouple and its own current and	③PLC can customize 4-way EKSTJ type			
		voltage cannot coexist)	thermocouple (support negative temperature)			
Sugges	Suggested models:MX3G-43C-22MT/22MRT-5AD2DA-232H/485P					
	MX3G-70C-48MT/48MRT-5AD2DA-232H/485P;					



# 1.3. Hardware description

# 1.3.1. MX3G-43C structure and size

PLC running indicator Communication indicator Power indicator



### T0+ T0-T1+ ADD(T1-) ADD(T2+) AD3(T2-) GND(T3-) GND GND DA0 DA0 DA1 B

X13 X12 X11 X10 X07 X06 X05 X04 X03 X02 X01 X00 S/S



Y11 Y10 Y07 Y06 COM1 Y05 Y04 Y03 Y02 COM0 Y01 Y00 Y24V

●Dimensions (mm): 134\*102\*34

●Cutout size (mm): 120\*94

●Display size (mm): 97\*56

•Installation method: Clip installation



X27 X26

X25

X06

X04

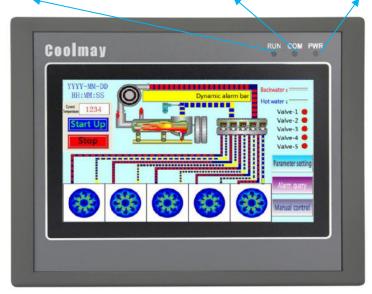
X03

X02 X01 X00

S/S

# 1.3.2. MX3G-70C structure and size

PLC running indicator Communication indicator Power indicator





Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13 Y24V . Y14 Y15 Y16 Y17 COM0 . . Y20 Y21 Y22 Y23 COM1 . . Y24 Y25 Y26 Y27 COM2

●Dimensions (mm):210\*146\*36

●Cutout size (mm): 192\*138

●Display size (mm): 154\*87

●Installation method: Clip installation



# 1.3.3. Introduction of each interface and indicator

POWER: Power indicator, connected to the power light

RUN: PLC running status indicator. This light is on when the PLC is running.

COM: touch screen and PLC communication status indicator, when the two communicate, the light is on

Power terminal: The positive and negative terminals of the DC24V switching power supply are respectively connected to the DC24V and 0V of the power supply terminal.

PLC programming port: two PLC programming ports (Type-C and RS232),
PLC program can be downloaded through 232 programming line or USB cable
download

Touch screen programming port: download touch screen configuration program

For other hardware information, refer to "MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one User Manual"



# 2. PLC

# 2.1. PLC Programming notice

The PLC is compatible with GX Developer8.86/GX Works2 and below. If you use other versions of software, incompatibility may occur.

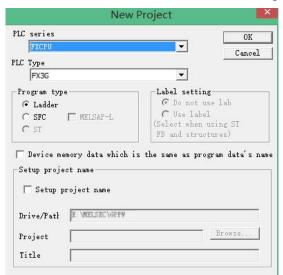
When the PLC program is downloaded, there is a prompt error: Cannot specify the com port,

GX 8.86 software: Online-Transfer settings change com port;

Works 2: All targets-Change the com port in all connected targets;

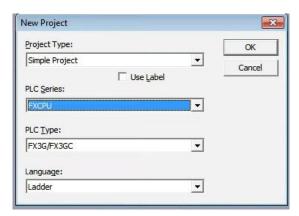
If there is a communication abnormality, cable abnormality and other prompts, remove it by cutting off the power, checking the cable, checking whether the power supply is normal, or replacing the computer.

In the GX Developer8.86 software version, choose the figure:



In the Works 2 software version, choose the figure: (Note: the label is forbidden)





# 2.2. Soft element table

Name	Contents					
I/O relay						
Input relay	X000~X027	24 points	Soft element number is octal			
Output relay	Y000~Y027	24 points	Total 48 points for I/O			
Auxiliary relay						
General	M0∼M383	384 points				
EEPROM hold	M384~M511	128 points				
General	M512~M1535	1024 points				
Special	M8000~M8511	512 points				
Status						
Initial state (EEPROM hold)	S0~S9	10 points				
EEPROM hold	S10~S127	118 points				
General	S128~S255	128 points				
Timer (ON delay timer)						
100ms	T0~T31	32 points	0.1~3,276.7s			
100ms/10ms <sup>**</sup> 1	T32~T62	31 points	$0.1\sim3,276.7\text{s}/0.01\sim327.67\text{s}$ After M8028 is turned ON, T32 $\sim$ T62 can be changed into 10ms timer			
1ms	T63~T127	65 points	0.001~32.767s			
1ms accumulative (EEPROM hold)	T128~T131	4 points	0.001~32.767s			
100ms accumulative (EEPROM hold)	T132~T137	6 points	0.1~3,276.7s			
Counter						
General up counter (16bit)	C0~C15	16 points	$0\sim$ 32,767 counter			
EEPROM hold up counter (16 bit)	C16~C31	16 points	0~32,767 counter			



General bi-direction (32 bit)	C200~C234	35 points	-2,147,483,648 ~ +2,147,483,647 counter			
High-speed counter						
Single-phase single counter input Bi-direction (32 bit) (EEPROM hold)	C235~C245	-2,147,483,648~+2,147,483,647 counter Software counter Single phase: up to 6 channels, maximum				
Single-phase double counter input Bi-direction (32 bit) (EEPROM hold)	C246~C250	frequency 60kHz  Double phase: 1 times frequency: at most channels, Max frequency 30KHz  4 times frequency: at most channels, Max frequency 24kHz  M8198 is the 4 times frequency sign of C251  M8199 is the 4 times frequency sign of C253				
Double –phase double counter input Bi-direction (32 bit)(EEPROM hold)	C251~C253					
Data register(32 bit when using in pair)						
General(16bit)	D0~D127 D256~D999	872 points				
EEPROM hold (16 bit)	D128~D255 D1000~D3999	3128 points				
General(16bit)	D256~D2999	2744 points				
Special (16 bit)	D8000~D8511	512 points				
Index (16 bit)	V0~V7,Z0~Z7	16 points				
Pointer						
JUMP,CALL branch	P0~P255	256 points	CJ instruct、CALL instruct			
Input interrupt	I0□□~I5□□	6 points				
Timer interrupt	I6□□~I8□□	3 points				
Nest						
Master control	N0~N7	8points	MC instruct			
Constant						
Decimal (K)	16 bit	-32,768~+32	2,767			
Decimal (IX)	32 bit	-2,147,483,64	48~+2,147,483,647			
Hexadecimal (H)	16 bit	0000~FFFF				
Hexadecinial (11)	32 bit	00000000∼F	FFFFFFF			
Real number(E)	32 bit	-1.0×2128~-1.0×2-126,0,1.0×2-126~1.0×2128  Can be in the form of a decimal point and index				

<sup>\*1:</sup> The 10ms timer will be affected by the scan cycle. If the scan period is 12ms, the

timer becomes 12ms and is executed once.



# 2.3. Special relay number and content

No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
M8000	In RUN, Normally closed		M8220	C220 Increase/decrease	
				counting action	
M8001	In RUN, Normally open		M8221	C221 Increase/decrease	
1110001	in iter, itermany open		1110221	counting action	
M8002	After RUN, Output a scan cycle		M8222	C222 Increase/decrease	
1410002	ON		1410222	counting action	
M8003	After RUN, Output a scan cycle		M8223	C223 Increase/decrease	
1110003	OFF		1410223	counting action	
M8011	Oscillating in 10ms cycle		M8224	C224 Increase/decrease	ON:
WIGOTT	Oscillating in Tonis cycle		1010224	counting action	decrease
M8012	Oscillating in 100ms cycle		M8225	C225 Increase/decrease	action
W16012	Oscillating in Tooliis cycle		1010223	counting action	OFF:
M8013	Oscillating in 1s cycle		M8226	C226 Increase/decrease	increase
W18013	Oscillating in 1s cycle		W18220	counting action	action
N40014	0 11 41 1 1		140227	C227 Increase/decrease	
M8014	Oscillating in 1min cycle	M8227 co		counting action	
140020	7 0		140220	Handwheel function	
M8020	Zero flag		M8228	enablement	
140001	D : G		1.40220	C229 Increase/decrease	
M8021	Borrowing flag		M8229	counting action	
1.60000	G G		1.60220	C230 Increase/decrease	
M8022	Carry flag		M8230	counting action	
1.6002.4	G is provide		1.60221	C231 Increase/decrease	
M8024	Specify BMOV direction		M8231	counting action	
1.60000	During instruction		1.60000	C232 Increase/decrease	
M8028	execution, allow interrupt		M8232	counting action	
				C233 Increase/decrease	
M8029	Instruction execution end flag		M8233	counting action	
			2 50224	C234 Increase/decrease	ON:
M8031	Non-retentive memory is cleared		M8234	counting action	decrease
				C235 Increase/decrease	action
M8032	Retentive memory is cleared		M8235	counting action	OFF:
				C236 Increase/decrease	increase
M8033	Memory retention stop		M8236	counting action	action
				C237 Increase/decrease	
M8034	Prohibit all output		M8237	counting action	
				C238 Increase/decrease	
M8035	Forced RUN mode		M8238	counting action	
M8036	Force RUN command		M8239	C239 Increase/decrease	
1410030	1 0100 ROTY Command		1410237	2237 Increase/decrease	



No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
				counting action	
				C240 Increase/decrease	
M8037	Force STOP command		M8240	counting action	
				C241 Increase/decrease	
M8045	Prohibit reset of all outputs	M8241 co		counting action	
3.500.45			2.502.42	C242 Increase/decrease	
M8046	STL state action		M8242	counting action	
1.600.47	CITY CC .:		3.602.42	C243 Increase/decrease	
M8047	STL effective control		M8243	counting action	
3.600.40	G: 1.1		2.602.4.4	C244 Increase/decrease	
M8048	Signal alarm action		M8244	counting action	
140040	G: 1 1 · · · · · · · · · · ·		140245	C245 Increase/decrease	
M8049	Signal alarm is effective		M8245	counting action	ON:
140050	I (700 : 171 : 1)		140246	C246 Increase/decrease	decrease
M8050	Input interrupt (I00 is prohibited)		M8246	counting action	action
M0051	1 (10: 17: 1)		N40247	C247 Increase/decrease	OFF:
M8051	Input interrupt (I10 is prohibited)	M8247		counting action	increase
140052	I (720 : 171 : 1)		140240	C248 Increase/decrease	action
M8052	Input interrupt (I20 is prohibited)		M8248	counting action	
M0052	I	M8249		C249 Increase/decrease	
M8053	Input interrupt (I30 is prohibited)		W18249	counting action	
M8054	Input interrupt (IAO is prohibited)		M8250	C250 Increase/decrease	
W18034	Input interrupt (I40 is prohibited)		M8230	counting action	
M8055	Input interrupt (I50 is prohibited)		M8251	C251 Increase/decrease	
1010033	input interrupt (130 is promoited)		IV16231	counting action	
M8056	Timer interrupt (I6 is prohibited)		M8252	C252 Increase/decrease	
10030	Timer interrupt (to is promotted)		W10232	counting action	
M8057	Timer interrupt (I7 is prohibited)		M8253	C253 Increase/decrease	
100057	Timer interrupt (17 is promoted)		1010233	counting action	
M8058	Timer interrupt (I8 is prohibited)		M8254	C254 Increase/decrease	
10036	Timer interrupt (18 is promoted)		1010234	counting action	
M8060	I/O Constitute error		M8255	C255 Increase/decrease	
101000	1/O Constitute error		1010233	counting action	
M8061	PLC hardware error		M8340	The first pulse operation	
1410001	1 De naraware enter		1410340	monitoring	
M8062	Serial communication error 0		M8216	C216 Increase/decrease	
1410002	Serial Communication Citor V		1410210	counting action	
M8063	Serial communication error 1		M8217	C217 Increase/decrease	
1410003	Serial Communication Citor 1		1410217	counting action	
M8064	Parameter error		M8218	C218 Increase/decrease	
1410007	1 didilictor offor		1410210	counting action	



No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
110.	Content	Remarks	110.	C219 Increase/decrease	Remarks
M8065	Grammatical error		M8219	counting action	
				Y000 clear signal output	
M8066	Loop error		M8341	function is valid	
				Y000 specify the origin return	
M8067	Operation error		M8342	direction	
M8068	Operation error latch		M8343	Y000 forward limit	
M8069	I/O bus detection		M8344	Y000 reverse limit	
	Sample tracking preparation start		3 502 15	Y000 near-point DOG signal	
M8075	command		M8345	logic inversion	
140076	Sample tracking execution start		140246	Y000 zero signal logic	
M8076	command		M8346	inversion	
M8077	Sample tracking execution		M8347	Y000 interrupt signal logic	
W18077	Sample tracking execution		W18347	inversion	
M8078	Sample tracking execution end		M8348	Y000 positioning command	
1010078	control		1010340	driver	
M8079	Sampling tracking system area		M8349	1st pulse stop	
M8120	Can't use		M8350	2nd pulse operation monitoring	
M8121	RS/RS2 command sends standby		M8351	Y001 clear signal output	
1110121	rto/rto2 command series standey		100001	function is valid	
M8122	RS/RS2 command to send request		M8352	Y001 specify the origin return	
	-			direction	
M8123	RS/RS2 command reception end	-	M8353	Y001 forward limit	
M8124	RS/RS2 command data in	Serial Port 2	M8354	Y001 reverse limit	
	reception	refer to chapter			
M8125	MODBUS and Mitsubishi	2.11	M8355	Y001 near-point DOG signal	
	function enablement	_		logic inversion	
M8128	RD3A/WR3A Receive correct		M8356	Y001 zero signal logic	
	DD24/WD24	_		inversion	
M8129	RD3A/WR3A communication		M8357	Y001 interrupt signal logic inversion	
	timeout			Y001 positioning command	
M8160	XCH's SWAP function		M8358	driver	
M8161	8-bit processing mode		M8359	2nd pulse stop	
M8170	Input X000 pulse capture		M8360	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse operation monitoring	
1410170	input 22000 pulse capture		1110300	Y002 clear signal output	
M8171	Input X001 pulse capture		M8361	function is valid	
				Y002 specify the origin return	
M8172	Input X002 pulse capture	M836		direction	
M8173	Input X003 pulse capture		M8363	Y002 forward limit	
M8174	Input X004 pulse capture		M8364	Y002 reverse limit	
		1			



No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
INU.	Content	Remarks	INU.		Kemarks
M8175	Input X005 pulse capture		M8365	Y002 near-point DOG signal logic inversion	
M8176	Input X006 pulse capture		M8366	Y002 zero signal logic inversion	
M8177	Input X007 pulse capture		M8367	Y002 interrupt signal logic inversion	
M8192	Programming port protocol and other protocol enablement	Serial port3	M8368	Y002 positioning command driver	
M8196	Programming port protocol and other protocol enablement	Serial port2	M8369	3rd pulse stop	
M8198	4 times frequency of C251 and C252		M8370	4th pulse operation monitoring	
M8199	4 times frequency of C253		M8371	Y003 clear signal output function is valid	
M8200	C200 Increase/decrease counting action		M8372	Y003 specify the origin return direction	
M8201	C201 Increase/decrease counting action		M8373	Y003 forward limit	
M8202	C202 Increase/decrease counting action		M8374	Y003 forward limit	
M8203	C203 Increase/decrease counting action		M8375	Y003 near-point DOG signal logic inversion	
M8204	C204 Increase/decrease counting action		M8376	Y003 zero signal logic inversion	Refer to chapter 2.9.1
M8205	C205 Increase/decrease counting action	ON: decrease action	M8377	Y003 interrupt signal logic inversion	Serial port 3 Refer to chapter 2.11.3
M8206	C206 Increase/decrease counting action	OFF: increase action	M8378	Y003 positioning command driver	
M8207	C207 Increase/decrease counting action		M8379	4th pulse stop	
M8208	C208 Increase/decrease counting action		M8396	C254 function corresponds to input phase	
M8209	C209 Increase/decrease counting action		M8401	RS2 command sends standby	
M8210	C210 Increase/decrease counting action		M8402	RS2 command to send request	
M8211	C211 Increase/decrease counting action		M8403	RS2 command reception end	
M8212	C212 Increase/decrease counting		M8404	RS2 command data in	



No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
	action			reception	
M0212	C213 Increase/decrease counting		M8405	RS2 command data setting	
M8213	action			ready	
140214	C214 Increase/decrease counting		M0400	RD3A/WR3A Receive	
M8214	action		M8408	Completed	
M0215	C215 Increase/decrease counting		M9400	RD3A/WR3A	
M8215	action		M8409	communication timeout	

# 2.4. Special register number and content

NO.	Content	Remarks	NO.	Content	Num
D8000	Watchdog timer		D8184	Z2 Register contents	
D8001	PLC type and system version		D8185	V2 Register contents	
D8002	PLC memory capacity	22K steps; 44K steps; 88K steps;	D8186	Z3 Register contents	
D8003	Memory type	10H:Programm able controller built-in memory	D8187	V3 Register contents	
D8010	Scan current value		D8188	Z4 Register contents	
D8011	Scan time minimum		D8189	V4 Register contents	
D8012	Scan time maximum		D8190	Z5 Register contents	
D8013	Second		D8191	V5 Register contents	
D8014	Minute		D8192	Z6 Register contents	
D8015	Hour		D8193	V6 Register contents	
D8016	Date		D8194	Z7 Register contents	
D8017	Month		D8195	V7 Register contents	
D8018	Year		D8268	Customize PWM 0~1	
D8019	Week		D8269	division factor	
D8020	Input filter adjustment (0-60ms) initial 10		D8340	1st position pulse amount	Low
D8030	AD0 analog input value		D8341		High
D8031	AD1 analog input value		D8342	Y0 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8032	AD2 analog input value		D8343	Low	
D8033	AD3 analog input value		D8344	1st pulse maximum speed	High
D8034	AD4 analog input value		D8345	Y0 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8035	AD5 analog input value		D8346	Y0 Origin return speed	Low
D8036	AD6 analog input value		D8347	Initial value:50000	High



D0027 AD7 1 ' / 1		D0240	1cf 1 1 1	
D8037 AD7 analog input value		D8348	1 <sup>st</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8038 AD8 analog input value		D8349	1 <sup>st</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8050 DA0 analog output value		D8350	2 <sup>nd</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8051 DA1 analog output value		D8351		High
D8058 When DA is current,Bit setting	Refer to 5.2	D8352	Y1 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8059 Constant scan time		D8353	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8074 X0 Rising edge ring counter	Low	D8354		High
D8075 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8355	Y1 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8076 X0 falling edge ring counter	Low	D8356	Y1 Origin return speed	Low
D8077 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8357	Initial value:50000	High
D8078 X0 pulse width / pulse period	Low	D8358	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8079 [10μs unit]	High	D8359	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8080 X1 Rising edge ring counter value	Low	D8360	3 <sup>rd</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8081 [1/6µs unit]	High	D8361	• •	High
D8082 X1 falling edge ring counter value	Low	D8362	Y2 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8083 [1/6μs unit]	High	D8363	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8084	Low	D8364		High
X1 pulse width / pulse period  [10μs unit]	High	D8365	Y2 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8086 X3 Rising edge ring counter	Low	D8366	V2 Onigin noturn and a	Low
D8087 value [1/6µs unit]	High	D8367	Y2 Origin return speed Initial value:50000	High
D8088 X3 falling edge ring counter	Low	D8368	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8089 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8369	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8090 X3 pulse width / pulse period	Low	D8370	4 <sup>th</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8091 [10μs unit]	High	D8371		High
D8092 X4 Rising edge ring counter value	Low	D8372	Y3 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8093 [1/6μs unit]	High	D8373	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8094 X4 falling edge ring counter	Low	D8374	T	High
D8095 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8375	Y3 crawling speed Initial value:1000	-



D8096 X4 pulse width / pulse period	Low	D8376	Y3 Origin return speed	Low
D8097 [10μs unit]	High	D8377	Initial value:50000	High
D8101 PLC type and system version		D8378	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8102 PLC memory capacity		D8379	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8108 Number of special modules connected		D8397	ADPRW command serial port position	Refer to chapter 8.2
D8109 Y number of output refresh error		D8398	0~2147483647(1ms) Ring	
D8120 Modbus RTU protocol Communication parameters		D8399	count for incremental actions	
D8121 Master and slave station number		D8400	Modbus RTU protocol Communication parameters	
D8122 RS command to send data remaining points		D8401	Communication mode	
D8123 RS command to receive points monitoring		D8406	Number of intervals	
D8124 RS header <initial stx="" value:=""></initial>	Gi - 142	D8409	overtime time	
D8125 RS trailer <initial td="" value:<=""><td>Serial port2 Refer to chapter -8.2</td><td>D8410</td><td>RS2 header 1, 2 <initial stx="" value:=""></initial></td><td></td></initial>	Serial port2 Refer to chapter -8.2	D8410	RS2 header 1, 2 <initial stx="" value:=""></initial>	
D8126 Serial port 2 interval period number	0.2	D8411	RS2 header 3, 4	Serial
D8127 the communication request of the lower computer		D8412	RS2 trailer 1, 2 <initial etx="" value:=""></initial>	port3 Refer to chapter 8.3
D8128 requested by the lower computer communication		D8413	Master and slave station number	6.5
D8129 Set timeout		D8414	RS2 receives the summation calculation result	
D8169 Restrict access status		D8415	RS2 receives the summation calculation result	
D8182 V1 Register contents		D8416	RS2 sends summation	
D8183 Z1 Register contents				

**\*\*Specific functions please refer to** <u>"Coolmay PLC instruction</u>

programming manual"

# 2.5. Function Instructions (Contrast with FX3GS PLC instruction)

List of basic logic instructions



Mnemonic	Name	Features	Available devices
LD	take	Normally open contact logic operation starts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
LDI	Negate	Normally closed contact logic operation starts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
LDP	Take the rising edge of the pulse	Start of operation to detect rising edge	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
LDF	Take the falling edge of the pulse	Start of operation to detect falling edge	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
AND	versus	Series of normally open contacts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANI	With reverse	Series of normally closed contacts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANDP	With pulse rising edge	Detect rising edge series connection	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANDF	With the falling edge of the pulse	Series connection detection of falling edges	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
OR	Or pulse rising edge	Normally open contacts in parallel	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ORI	Or reverse	Normally closed contacts in parallel	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ORP	Or pulse rising edge	Parallel connection detecting rising edge	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ORF	Or pulse falling edge	Parallel connection to detect falling edge	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANB	Block with	Series connection of circuit blocks	-
ORB	Block or	Parallel connection of circuit blocks	-
MPS	Push stack	Push onto the stack	-
MRD	Read stack	Read stack	-
MPP	Unstack	Pop the stack	-
INV	Negate	Inversion of operation result	-
MEP	M.E.P	Conduction on rising edge	-
MEF	MEF	Conduction on falling edge	-
OUT	Output	Coil drive	Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
SET	Position	Movement retention	Y,M,S,D□.b
RST	Reset	Clear action keeps, register cleared	$Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C,$ $D,R,V,Z$
PLS	pulse	Differential output on rising edge	Y,M
PLF	Falling edge pulse	Differential output on falling edge	Y,M
MC	Master	Connection circle command for common series point	Y,M
MCR	Master reset	Instruction to eliminate common series point	-
NOP	No operation	No action	-
END	End	End of the program and I/O and return to the beginning	-

# Applied instruction can be divided into the following 18 kinds.

1	Data move instructions
2	Data conversion instructions
3	Comparison instructions



4	Arithmetic operation instructions
5	Logical operation instructions
6	Special function instructions
7	Rotate instructions
8	Shift instruction
9	Data operation instructions
10	Character string operation instructions
11	Program flow control instructions
12	I/O refresh instructions
13	Real time clock control instructions
14	Pulse output/positioning control instructions
15	Serial communication
16	Special block/unit control instructions
17	Extension register/extension file register control instructions
18	Other handy instruct

# 1. Data move instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
MOV	12	Move	*
SMOV	13	Shift Move	*
CML	14	Compliment	*
BMOV	15	Block Move	*
FMOV	16	Fill Move	*
PRUN	81	Parallel Run (Octal Mode)	*
ХСН	17	Exchange	*
SWAP	147	Byte Swap	*
EMOV	112	Floating Point Move	*
HCMOV	189	High Speed Counter Move	*

# 2. Data conversion instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
BCD	18	Conversion to Binary Coded	
		Decimal	*
BIN	19	Conversion to Binary	*
GRY	170	Decimal to Gray Code Conversion	*
GBIN	171	Gray Code to Decimal Conversion	*



FLT	49	Conversion to Floating Point	*
INT	129	Floating Point to Integer Conversion	*
EBCD	118	Floating Point to Scientific Notation	*
		Conversion	
EBIN	119	Scientific Notation to Floating Point	<b>.</b>
LDIIV		Conversion	<b>~</b>
DAD	136	Floating Point Degree to Radian	<u>.</u>
RAD		Conversion	*
DEG	137	Floating Point Radian to degree	
		Conversion	×

# 3. Comparison instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
LD=	224	Contact compare LD (S1)=(S2)	*
LD>	225	Contact compare LD (S1)>(S2)	*
LD<	226	Contact compare LD (S1)<(S2)	*
LD<>	228	Contact compare LD (S1)≠(S2)	*
LD<=	229	Contact compare LD (S1)≦(S2)	*
LD>=	230	Contact compare LD (S1) ≧ (S2)	*
AND=	232	Contact compare AND (S1)=(S2)	*
AND>	233	Contact compare AND (S1)>(S2)	*
AND<	234	Contact compare AND (S1)<(S2)	*
AND<>	236	Contact compare AND (S1)≠(S2)	*
AND<=	237	Contact compare AND (S1)≦(S2)	*
AND>=	238	Contact compare AND (S1)≧(S2)	*
OR=	240	Contact compare OR (S1)=(S2)	*
OR>	241	Contact compare OR (S1)>(S2)	*
OR<	242	Contact compare OR (S1)<(S2)	*
OR<>	244	Contact compare OR (S1)≠(S2)	*
OR<=	245	Contact compare OR (S1)≦(S2)	*
OR>=	246	Contact compare OR (S1)≧(S2)	*
CMP	10	Compare	*
ZCP	11	Zone Compare	*
ECMP	110	Floating Point Compare	*
EZCP	111	Floating Point Zone Compare	*
HSCS	53	High speed counter set	*
HSCR	54	High speed counter reset	*
HSZ	55	High Speed Counter Zone Compare	*
HSCT	280	High speed counter table compare	*
BKCMP=	194	Block compare (S1)=(S2)	*



BKCMP >	195	Block compare	(S1)>(S2)	*
BKCMP <	196	Block compare	(S1)<(S2)	*
BKCMP<	197	Block compare	(S1)≠(S2)	*
BKCMP<	198	Block compare	(S1)≦(S2)	*
BKCMP>	199	Block compare	(S1)≧(S2)	*

# 4. Arithmetic operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ADD	20	Addition	*
SUB	21	Subtraction	*
MUL	22	Multiplication	*
DIV	23	Division	*
EADD	120	Floating Point Addition	*
ESUB	121	Floating Point Subtraction	*
EMUL	122	Floating Point Multiplication	*
EDIV	123	Floating Point Division	*
BK+	192	Block Data Addition	*
BK-	193	Block Data Subtraction	*
INC	24	Increase	*
DEC	25	Decrement	*

# 5. Logical operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
WAND	26	Word AND	*
WOR	27	Word OR	*
WXOR	28	Word Exclusive OR	*

# 6. Special function instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
SQR	48	Square Root	*
ESQR	127	Floating Point Square Root	*
EXP	124	Floating Point Exponent	*
LOGE	125	Floating Point Natural Logarithm	*
LOG10	126	Floating Point Common Logarithm	*



SIN	130	Floating Point Sine	*
COS	131	Floating Point Cosine	*
TAN	132	Floating Point Tangent	*
ASIN	133	Floating Point Arc Sine	*
ACOS	134	Floating Point Arc Cosine	*
ATAN	135	Floating Point Arc Tangent	*
RND	184	Random Number Generation	*

# 7. Rotate instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ROR	30	Rotation Right	*
ROL	31	Rotation Left	*
RCR	32	Rotation right With Carry	*
RCL	33	Rotation Left with Carry	*

# 8. Shift instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
SFTR	34	Bit Shift Right	*
SFTL	35	Bit Shift Left	*
SFR	213	Bit Shift Right with Carry	*
SFL	214	Bit Shift Left with Carry	*
WSFR	36	Word Shift Right	*
WSFL	37	Word Shift left	*
SFWR	38	Shift Write [FIFO/FILO Control]	*
SFRD	39	Shift Read [FIFO Control]	*
POP	212	Shift Last Data Read [FILO Control]	*

# 9. Data operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ZRST	40	Zone Reset	*
DECO	41	Decode	*
ENCO	42	Encode	*
MEAN	45	Mean	*
WSUM	140	Sum of Word Data	*
SUM	43	Sum of Active Bits	*
BON	44	Check Specified Bit Status	*
NEG	29	Negation	*
ENEG	128	Floating Point Negation	*
WTOB	141	WORD to BYTE	*
BTOW	142	BYTE to WORD	*



143	4-bit Linking of Word Data	*
144	4-bit Grouping of Word Data	*
84	Check Code	*
188	Cyclic Redundancy Check	*
256	Limit Control	*
257	Dead Band Control	*
258	Zone control	*
259	Scaling (Coordinate by Point Data)	*
269	Scaling 2 (Coordinate by X/Y Data)	*
69	Sort Tabulated Data	*
149	Sort Tabulated Data 2	*
61	Search a Data Stack	*
210	Deleting Data from Tables	*
211	Inserting Data to Tables	*
	144 84 188 256 257 258 259 269 69 149 61 210	144 4-bit Grouping of Word Data  84 Check Code  188 Cyclic Redundancy Check  256 Limit Control  257 Dead Band Control  258 Zone control  259 Scaling (Coordinate by Point Data)  269 Scaling 2 (Coordinate by X/Y Data)  69 Sort Tabulated Data  149 Sort Tabulated Data 2  61 Search a Data Stack  210 Deleting Data from Tables

# 10. String processing instruction

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support	
ESTR	116	Floating Point to Character String	_	
		Conversion	*	
EVAL	117	Character String to Floating Point	*	
		Conversion	*	
STR	200	BIN to Character String Conversion	*	
VAL	201	Character String to BIN Conversion	*	
DABIN	260	Decimal ASCII to BIN Conversion	*	
BINDA	261	BIN to Decimal ASCII Conversion	*	
ASCI	82	Hexadecimal to ASCII Conversion	*	
HEX	83	ASCII to Hexadecimal Conversion	*	
\$MOV	209	Character String Transfer	*	
\$+	202	Link Character Strings	*	
LEN	203	Character String Length Detection	*	
RIGH	204	Extracting Character String Data From	<b>_</b>	
		the Right	*	
LEFT	205	Extracting Character String Data from	*	
		the Left	*	
MIDR	206	Random Selection of Character Strings	*	
MIDW	207	Random Replacement of Character	*	
		Strings		
INSTR	208	Character string search	*	
COMRD	182	Read Device Comment Data	*	

# 11. Program flow control instructions

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Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
CJ	00	Conditional Jump	*
CALL	01	Call Subroutine	*
SRET	02	Subroutine Return	*
IRET	03	Interrupt Return	*
EI	04	Enable Interrupt	*
DI	05	Disable Interrupt	*
FEND	06	Main Routine Program End	*
FOR	08	Start a FOR/NEXT Loop	*
NEXT	09	End a FOR/NEXT Loop	*

# 12. I/O refresh instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
REF	50	Refresh	*
REFF	51	Refresh and Filter Adjust	*

# 13. Real time clock control instructions

Mnemoni c	FNC No.	Function	Support
TCMP	160	RTC Data Compare	*
TZCP	161	RTC Data Zone Compare	*
TADD	162	RTC Data Addition	*
TSUB	163	RTC Data Subtraction	*
TRD	166	Read RTC data	*
TWR	167	Set RTC data	*
HTOS	164	Hour to Second Conversion	*
STOH	165	Second to Hour Conversion	*

# 14. Pulse output/positioning control instruction

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function Support	
ABS	155	Absolute Current Value Read	*
DSZR	150	DOG Search Zero Return	*
ZRN	156	Zero Return	*
TBL	152	Batch Data Positioning Mode	*
DVIT	151	Interrupt Positioning	*
DRVI	158	Drive to Increment	*
DRVA	159	Drive to Absolute	*
PLSV	157	Variable Speed Pulse Output	*



PLSY	57	Pulse Y Output	*
PLSR	59	Acceleration/Deceleration Setup	*

# 15. Serial communication instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
RS	80	Serial Communication	*
R(S2)	87	Serial Communication 2	*
IVCK	270	Inverter Status Check	
IVDR	271	Inverter Drive	
IVRD	272	Inverter Parameter Read	
IVWR	273	Inverter Parameter Write	
IVBWR	274	Inverter Parameter Block Write	
IVMC	275	Inverter multiple command	
ADPRW	276	MODBUS read and write	*

# 16. Special block/unit control instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function Support	
FROM	78	Read From a Special Function Block ★	
TO	79	Write To a Special Function Block	*
RD3A	176	Read form Dedicated Analog Block	*
WR3A	177	Write to Dedicated Analog Block	*
RBFM	278	Divided BFM Read	
WBFM	279	Divided BFM Write	

# 17. Extension register/extension file register control instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
LOADR	290	Load From ER	
SAVER	291	Save to ER	
RWER	294	Rewrite to ER	
INITR	292	Initialize R and ER	
INITER	295	Initialize ER	
LOGR	293	Logging R and ER	

# 18. Other handy instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
WDT	07	Watchdog Timer Refresh	*
ALT	66	Alternate State	*
ANS	46	Timed Annunciator Set	*

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ANR	47	Annunciator Reset ★		
HOUR	169	Hour Meter ★		
RAMP	67	Ramp Variable Value	*	
SPD	56	Speed Detection	*	
PWM	58	Pulse Width Modulation	*	
DUTY	186	Timing Pulse Generation	*	
PID	88	PID Control Loop	*	
ZPUSH	102	Batch Store of Index Register	*	
ZPOP	103	Batch POP of Index Register	*	
TTMR	64	Teaching timer	*	
STMR	65	Special timer	*	
ABSD	62	Absolute Drum Sequencer	*	
INCD	63	Incremental Drum Sequencer	*	
ROTC	68	Rotary Table Control	*	
IST	60	Initial state	*	
MTR	52	Input Matrix ★		
TKY	70	Ten Key Input	*	
HKY	71	Hexadecimal Input	*	
DSW	72	Digital switch (thumbwheel input)	*	
SEGD	73	Seven Segment Decoder	*	
SEGL	74	Seven Segment With Latch		
ARWS	75	Arrow Switch ★		
ASC	76	ASCII code data input	*	
PR	77	Print (ASCII Code)	*	
VRRD	85	Volume Read	*	
VRSC	86	Volume Scale	*	

For detailed instruction usage, please refer to <u>"Coolmay PLC instruction"</u>

programming manual"

# 2.6. Analog input

Input precision of coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one is 12-bit, directly read the corresponded register value of each analog while using.

Environment temperature is only used in thermocouple.

# 2.6.1. Analog input type

Input signal	Range	Register value	Resolution	Accuracy (Total Measuring range)
--------------	-------	-------------------	------------	---



K-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature $\sim$	0.1℃	1%
	1100℃	11000		
K-type				
thermocouple	-230∼1370℃	-2300~13700	0.1℃	1%
(Negative temp)				
T-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature $\sim$	0.1℃	1%
	400℃	4000		
T-type				
thermocouple	-230∼400°C	-2300~4000	0.1℃	1%
(Negative temp)				
S-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature $\sim$	0.1℃	1%
	1690℃	16900		
S-type				
thermocouple	-40∼1690℃	-400~16900	0.1℃	1%
(Negative temp)				
J-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature~	0.1℃	1%
	800℃	8000		
J-type	0.0 0.70%		0.100	10/
thermocouple	-90∼950℃	-900~9500	0.1℃	1%
(Negative temp)				
E-type	Room	Room	0.1%	10/
thermocouple	temperature~	temperature $\sim$	0.1℃	1%
E toma	600℃	6000		
E-type	110~ .720°	1100~ .7200	0.1%	10/
thermocouple (Negative temp)	-110∼730℃	-1100~7300	0.1℃	1%
PT100/PT1000	-200∼500°C	-2000~5000	0.1℃	1%
NTC10K	-200 ~ 300 C	-2000 ~ 3000	0.1 C	1 70
(The default value	-48∼110°C	-480~1100	0.1℃	1%
of B is 3435)	-40 °110 C	-400 -1100	0.1 C	1 70
Voltage	0-10V/0-5V	0~4000	2.5mV/1.25mV	1%
Current Type1	0~20mA	0~4000	5uA	1%
Current Type2	4~20mA	0~4000	4uA	1%
Current Type2	7 ZUIII/1	0 4000	<b>⊤</b> u/1	1 / 0

The transmitter which is integrated inside PLC is one of the above table or mixed ones, it is up to customers' need when ordering.

# 2.6.2. Analog input reading

Support FROM instruction or register directly read. Such as: FROM K0 K0



D400 K8, read out 8 analog input, 0-10V.

The register is directly read: D[8030]~D[8038] is the output value set for the corresponding type, the constant scan time is changed to D8059, and it is started by M8039 (version 26232 and above);

NO	Register Value	
AD0	D8030	
AD1	D8031	
AD2	D8032	
AD3	D8033	
AD4(Environ	D8034	
ment		
temperature)		
AD5	D8035	
AD6	D8036	
AD7	D8037	
AD8	D8038	

When the analog input has a thermocouple type, it can only do up to 8 channels, of which AD4 is the ambient temperature of the thermocouple.

In the case of 4-20mA type, the register read is less than 3.8mA and the value is 32760, which is the disconnection value.

# 2.6.3. Analog input sampling

Filtering cycles=( R23600~R23615)\* PLC scanning time, if R23600=1, One PLC scan cycle sample one time and change the 1st analog input value for one time. The larger R23600~R23615 value is, the result is more stable.

D8054~D8057 are the first 5 filtering cycles, the default=10;

D8100 is the first 5 channels of smoothing filter coefficient, setting range: 0~999, default=900.

D8455~D8458 are the number of filter cycles of the last 4 channels, the default = 2 (range  $2\sim20000$ ), the data cannot be less than or equal to 0;

D8450 is the last 4-channel smoothing filter coefficient, setting range: 0~999, default=100.

# 2.6.4. Examples of analog input

Below is an example of MX3G 1 channel temperature analog AD0



acquisition. The program reads the values as follows:

```
M8000

[MOV D8030 D0 ]

[FLT D0 D10 ]

[DEDIV D10 K10 D20 ]
```

Connect the signal terminal of the temperature sensor to the AD0 input of the PLC and the other end to the GND of the analog input port.

When the PLC is running, the value of the data register D8030 corresponding to AD0 will be transmitted to D0, the value of D0 will be put into D10 after floating point operation, and then the floating point number division operation will be performed on D10, and then operation result will be put into D20, the result D20 is the actual Temperature value.

In the ladder diagram, you can also directly divide the value of D8030.

**Note:** When the input is 0-10V analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 400;

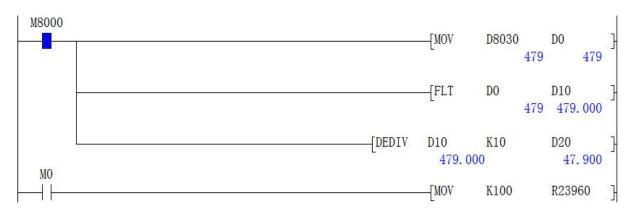
When the input is temperature, the actual temperature value = register reading/10;

When the input is 0-20mA analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 200;

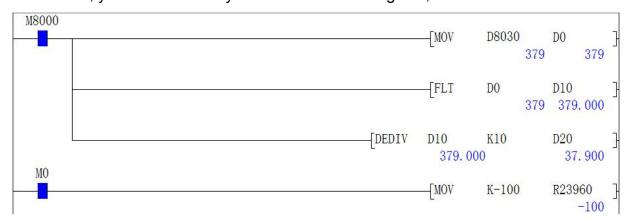
When the input is 4-20 mA analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 250 + 4.

The analog correction is corrected for the size. The following figure is an example of correcting the AD0 temperature after acquisition:





If the current temperature is 37.9°C, the actual test is 47.9° C, the error is 10° C, you need to modify the size correction register, show as below:



In the above figure, when M0 is closed, the value -100 is transmitted to the correction register R23960, and now you can see that the value of the actual measured temperature D20 is close to the actual temperature which is 37.9 °C.

# 2.7. Analog output

Analog output range 0~4000, precision is 12 bit. Support TO instruction or register assignment operation directly.

Adopts TO K0 K0 D500 K2, 2 channels 0~10V or 0~20mA analog output.

Register assignment operation directly: D8050~D8057.

When the default D8058.0~D8058.7=0, it means 0~20mA; when D8058.0~D8058.7=1, it means 4~20mA.

DA register	Range	Output type
-------------	-------	-------------



DA0	D8050	0-4000
DA1	D8051	0-4000

# Example:

Below shows the 0-10V voltage analog output.



At this point, use a multimeter to check the voltage of the DA0 terminal, that is, the multimeter's red pen is connected to the DA0 terminal, and the black pen is connected to the GND terminal. The multimeter is displaying 5V voltage value.

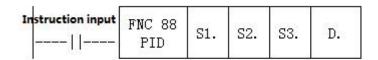
# 2.8. PID instruction

# 1. Outline

This command is used to perform PID control that changes the output value according to the amount of change in the input.

# 2. PID instruction format and parameter description

Instruction format:



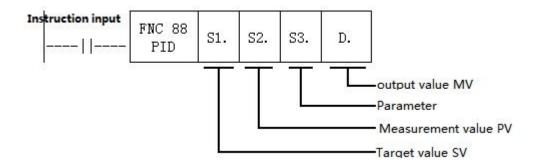
# Parameter Description:

Operand Type	Content	Data Type	Word software component
S1.	Save data register number of the target value (SV)	BIN16 bit	D,R
S2.	Save data register number of the measured value (PV)	BIN16 bit	D,R
S3.	Save the data register number of the parameter	BIN16 bit	D,R
D.	Save data register number of the output register (MV)	BIN16 bit	D,R

# 3. Function and action description



16-bit operation (PID): After setting the target value S1., the measured value S2., and the parameters S3~S3+6 in the execution program, the operation result (MV) is saved to the output value D. every sampling time S3.



# **Setting item**

	Setting item	Content	Occupied points
S1.	Target value(SV)	Set target value (SV) PID instruction does not change the setting contents	1 point
S2.	Measured value(PV)	The input value of the PID operation	1 point
S3.	Parameter	Auto-tuning: step response method a) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all not "0",occupy 25points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3. b) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all "0",occupy 20points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.	25 points 20 points
D.	Output value (MV)	Auto-tuning: step response method Set the step output value on the user side before the instruction is driven. During the auto-tuning process, the MV output cannot be changed on the side of the PID instruction.	1 point

# Parameter list \$3.~\$3.+28

Setting item			Setting content	Remark
S3.	Sampling	Sampling time(Ts)		Value shorter than the calculation period can't be run
S3. +1	ACT	bit0	0: positive action;	Action direction (ACT)



			1	T
			1: reverse	
			action.	
			0: No input	
			change alarm;	
		bit1	1: Input	
			change amount	
			alarm is valid.	
			0: No output	
			change alarm;	Do not turn ON bit2 and bit5
		bit2	1: Output	at the same time
			change amount	at the same time
			alarm is valid.	
		bit3	Can't use	
			0:	
			Auto-tuning	
		bit4	doesn't work;	
			1: Perform	
			auto-tuning.	
			0: No output	
			value upper and	
			lower limit	
		1 1.5	setting;	Do not turn ON bit2 and bit5
		bit5	0.	at the same time
			value upper and	
			lower limits are	
			valid.	
			0: Step	
		bit6	response	Auto-tuning mode
			method.	
		bit7~bit15	Can't use	
S3.				
+2	Input filter c	onstant (α)	0~99(%)	0 means no input filtering
S3.				
+3	Proportion	al gain ()	1~32767(%)	
S3.	Introduction	n tima()	0~32767(*10	0 means as ∞ processing (no
+4	Integratio	n ume()	0ms)	points)
S3. +5	Differentia	al gain ()	0~100(%)	0 means no derivative gain
S3.	Derivative	e time ()	0~32767(*10	0 means no differential
+6			ms)	processing
S3. +7	PID operation	on internal pro	pessing occupied	please do not change the data.
	rib operano	on internal prot	coomy occupied,	picase no noi change the data.
•••				



				TIVIT All in one I rogramming manual
S3.+1 9				
S3. +20*1	Input change amount (increase side) alarm set value		0~32767	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1
S3. +21*1	Input change am side) alarm s	,	0~32767	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1
S3.	Output change ar side) alarm s	,	0~32767	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit2=1, bit5=0
+22*1	Output upper li	imit set value	-32768~3276 7	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit2=0, bit5=1
S3.	Output change amount (decrease side) alarm set value		0~32767	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit2=1, bit5=0
+23*1	Output lower limit set value		-32768~3276 7	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit2=0, bit5=1
S3. +24*1	Alarm output	bit0	0: The input change amount (increase side) does not overflow; 1: Input change amount (increase side) overflow.	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1 or bit2=1
		bit1	0: The input change amount (reduction side) does not overflow; 1: Input change amount (reduction side) overflow.	
		bit2	0: The output change amount (increase side) does not overflow; 1: Output	

		change amount	
		(increase side)	
		overflow.	
		0: The output	
		change amount	
		(reduction side)	
		does not	
	bit3	overflow;	
		1: Output	
		change amount	
		(reduction side)	
		overflow.	

<sup>\*1:</sup> When S3+1 action setting (ACT) bit1=1, bit2=1 or bit5=1, S3+20~24 is occupied.

#### 4. Notice

When using multiple instructions: It can be executed multiple times at the same time (the number of loops is not limited), but note that the S3 and D devices used in the operation cannot be repeated.

# Occupied points of parameter S3. : Step response method

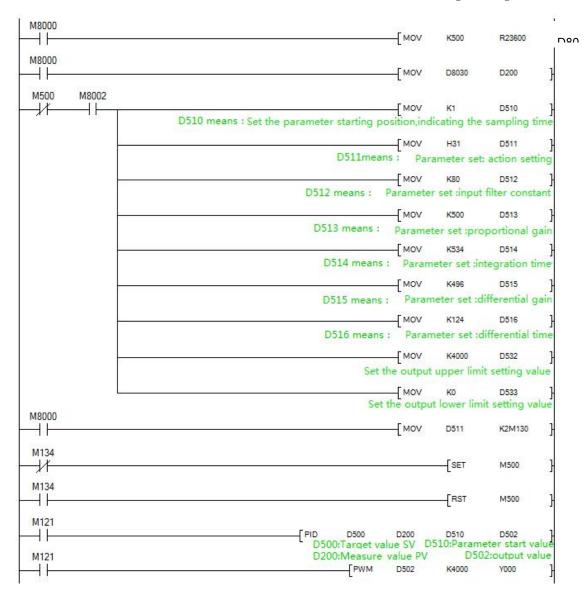
- 1) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all not "0",occupy 25points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.
- 2) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all "0",occupy 20points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.

**Step response mode:** The self-tuning mode in the PID instruction has only a step response mode, and the step value is S0+22, which is the upper limit value.

When specifying the soft component in the power failure holding area: If D. is specified in the program to hold the data register in the power failure, needs to clear the specified register at the time of program start up.

**Action flag:** bit 0=0 of S3+1 is a positive action, and bit0=1 is a reverse action; When heating, is reverse action.

#### 5. Example



# 2.9. Application of high speed counter

# 2.9.1. Assignment table of built-in high speed counter

MX3G PLC high-speed counting conventional 2 single-phase 60KHz + 4 10KHz or 1 AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 AB (Z) phase 5KHz; among them, dual-phase double counting input, the default is 1 frequency.

Counter type	No.	Input assignment					
	110.	X000	X001	X002	X003	X004	X005
Single phase	C235	U/D					
single counter	C236		U/D				
input	C237			U/D			
	C238				U/D		



	C239					U/D	
	C240						U/D
	C241	U/D	R				
	C242			U/D	R		
	C243					U/D	R
	C244	U/D	R				
	C245			U/D	R		
	C246	U	D				
Single phase	C247	U	D	R			
double counter	C248				U	D	R
input	C249	U	D	R			
	C250				U	D	R
AB phase	C251	A	В				
double counter	C252	A	В	R			
input	C253				A	В	R

U: up counter D: down counter A: A phase input

B: B phase input R: External reset input

**Single phase:** up to 6 channels, maximum frequency 2 channels 60KHz+4 channels 10KHz

# AB phase:

1 times frequency: 1 channel AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 channel AB (Z) phase 5KHz;

4 times frequency: 4 times frequency: up to 2 channels, the maximum frequency is 10KHz;

M8198 is the 4 times frequency logo of C251;

M8199 is the 4 times frequency logo of C253.

#### 2.9.2. Related device

# 1. For switching up/down counting of Single phase single counter

Туре	Counter number	Designated device	Up counting	Down counting
	C235	M8235		ON
	C236	M8236		
Cinale uhase sinale	C237	M8237	OFF	
Single phase single	C238	M8238		
counter input	C239	M8239		
	C240	M8240		
	C241	M8241		



C242	M8242
C243	M8243
C244	M8244
C245	M8245

# 2. For monitoring the up/down counting direction of Single phase double counter and AB phase double counter

Tyme	Counter	Designated	Up	Down
Туре	number	device	counting	counting
	C246	M8246		
Single phase	C247	M8247		
double counter	C248	M8248	OFF	ON
input	C249	M8249		
	C250	M8250	OFF	ON
AB phase	C251	M8251		
double counter	C252	M8252		
input	C253	M8253		

# 3. For High-speed counter function switching

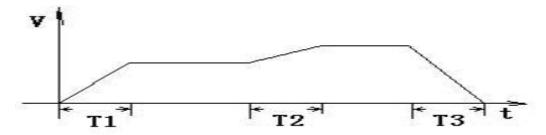
Device name	Name	Content				
M8198	Function switching	1 times/4 times switching device for C251/C252				
M8199	device	1 times/4 times switching device for C253				

# 2.10. Application of high speed pulse

# 2.10.1. High speed pulse output

Coolmay 3G PLC high-speed pulse output conventional 4 channels, 70C: Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 50KHz; 43C: Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz. Support variable speed, the initial/final speed of start/stop is 0, the chart is as follows: (take acceleration and deceleration time D8348 as an example).





Acceleration/deceleration time T calculation= (target speed-current speed) \* acceleration/deceleration time/maximum speed.

For example, target speed = 50000, current speed = 20000, acceleration time 100 (ms), maximum speed = 100,000, T = 30 ms.

PLSY, ZRN, PLSV, DRVI, DRVA, DVIT, DSZR, only Y0-Y3 supports DVIT (interrupt positioning), DSZR (origin return with DOG search) instructions.

Pulse point				
Function	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3
Description				
Pulse operation	M8340	M8350	M8360	M8370
monitoring				
Position pulse	D8340	D8350	D8360	D8370
(32bit)	D8341	D8351	D8361	D8371
accelerate /	D8348	D83585	D8368	D83785
decelerate	D8349	D8359	D8369	D8379
time	D0349	D0339	D6309	D6379
Pulse stop bit	M8349	M8359	M8369	M8379
Maximum spood	D8343	D8353	D8363	D8373
Maximum speed	D8344	D8354	D8364	D8374

The original FX3G pulse program can be used directly.

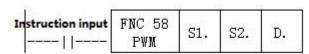
# 2.10.2. Pulse width modulation (PWM)

#### 1. Outline

This instruction is used to specify the pulse period and pulse output of the ON time.

# 2. PWM instruction format and parameter description.

Instruction format:



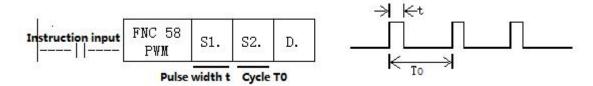
Parameter description:



Operand	Content	Content Data Word software		Range	
type	Content	type	component	Kange	
C1	Word soft component numbers of		KnX, KnY, KnM, KnS,	0.22767	
S1.	Pulse width (ms) data or saving data	16 bit	T,C,D,R,V,Z,K,H	0~32767ms	
63	Word soft component numbers		KnX, KnY, KnM, KnS,	1 22767	
S2.	of Period (ms) data or saving data	16 bit	T, C, D, R, V, Z, K,H	1~32767ms	
D	Soft component (Y) numbers		V	Y0-Y3(5~100KHz)	
D.	of Output pulse	16 bit	Y	Y4-Y7(5~10KHz)	

# 3. Function and action description

16-bit operation (PWM):Pulse output in units of period [S2.ms],Its ON pulse width is [S1.ms].



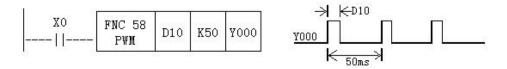
#### Notes:

Value of the pulse width S1. and the period S2. should be set: S1. ≤ S2. ∘

When instruction input is OFF, Output from D. is also OFF.

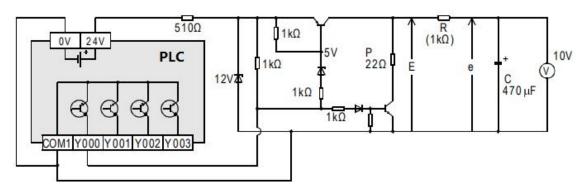
Do not operate the setting switch of the pulse output mode during pulse emission.

# 4. Program Example



In this example, the data range of D10 is changed from 0 to 50, and the average output of Y0 is 0 to 100%. If D10 data >50, it will be wrong.

# **Example for smooth loop**





R >> P

$$t = R(K\Omega)^* C(\mu F) = 470ms >> T0$$

Compared to the pulse period T0,the time constant  $\tau$  of the filter is a very large value.

The fluctuation value  $\Delta e$  of average output current e is approximately

$$\frac{\Delta e}{e} \leq \frac{T0}{T}$$

# 5. Special Note

#### **Conventional PWM**

- 1) Support a total of 4 channels Y0-Y3 (please select transistor MT output);
- 2)There is no limit to the pulse width and pulse period, both in milliseconds (ms).

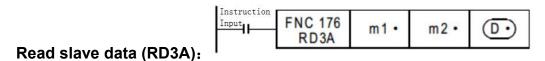
# 2.11. PLC Communication port instructions

PLC defaulted has a RS232 programming port, and two communication ports (Rs232 or Rs485) can be added. Meanwhile, CANbus is also optional.

#### 2.11.1. MODBUS instruction interpretation and communication address

PLC, when as master, support ADPRW command,RD3A command,WR3A command,this section will give you detailed description about these commands.

# 2.11.1.1. RD3A/WR3A command function and action description:



For CoolMay PLC, the RD3A instruction corresponds to Modbus's No. 03 function.

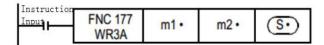
m1 represents the station number of the read slave device,range:1-247; m2 represents the first address number of the read data in the slave device; D represents the number of registers read, range: 1-125(When Modbus



ASCII,range is1-45; When CAN communication,range is 1-90), and the read data is sequentially stored in the host D.+1, D.+2.

D-1 address value must be set to (=0: serial port 2; =1: serial port 3)

# Write data to the slave (WR3A):



For CoolMay PLC, the WR3A instruction corresponds to Modbus's 06 and 10 functions.

m1 represents the station number of the slave device to be written, range :1-247.

m2 represents the first address number of the write register in the slave device;

S represents the numbers of registers to be written, ranging:1-123(When Modbus ASCII,range is1-45; When CAN communication,range is 1-90). The data to be written is sequentially stored in the host S.+1, S.+2.

S=1, the WR3A instruction corresponds to the Modbus 06 function.

S=2-123, the WR3A instruction corresponds to the Modbus 10 function.

S.-1 address value must be set to (=0: serial port 2; =1: serial port 3)

#### RD3A and WR3A only support the below MODBUS functions:

Function No. 03: Read holding register and takes the current binary value range of 1-125 in one or more holding registers.

Function No. 06: Load the specific binary value into a holding register (write register) ,range:1.

Function No. 10: Preset multiple registers, load specific binary values into a series of consecutive holding registers (write multiple registers),range:1-123.

# 2.11.1.2. ADPRW command function and action description:

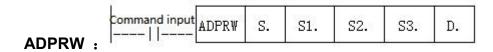
#### ADPRW instruction supports all functions of the MODBUS RTU.

No. 01: Read coil status and get the current status (ON/OFF) of a group of



logic coils, range 1-512

- No. 02: Read the input status and get the current status (ON/OFF) of a group of switch inputs, range 1-512
- No. 03: Read the retentive register and get the current binary value in one or more retentive registers, ranging from 1-125
- No. 04: Get the current binary value in one or more input registers, range 1-125
- No. 05: Force a single coil to force the on/off state (write bit) of a logic coil, range 1
- No. 06: Load specific binary values into a retentive register (write register), range 1
- No. 0F: Force multiple coils, forcibly open and close a series of continuous logic coils (write multiple bits), range 1-1968
- No. 10: Preset multiple registers, load specific binary values into a series of consecutive holding registers (write multiple registers). Range 1-125



- **S.** indicates the station number of the slave device to be read and written, the range is 0-247;
  - **S1.** indicates the function code (that is, the functions NO 01-06, 15, and 16);
- **S2.** The function parameter corresponding to each function code (the operand indicates the MODBUS start address when the function is 01);
- **S3.** The function parameters corresponding to each function code (the operand indicates the number of access points when the function is 01, and the parameter is fixed to 0 when the 05 function is used);
  - **D.** indicates the starting position of the data storage device.



# 2.11.1.3. Word device communication address number

MOD					
Input register (readout dedicated)	Holding register (read/write)	CX3G/FX3GC device			
-	0x0000~0x1F3F	D0~D7999			
-	0x1F40∼0x213F	D8000~D8511			
-	0x2140∼0x7EFF	R0~R23999			
-	0x7F00∼0xA13F	Unused address			
-	0xA140~0xA27F	TN0~TN319			
-	0xA280~0xA33F	Unused address			
-	0xA340~0xA407	CN0~CN199			
-	0xA408~0xA477	CN200~CN255			
-	0xA478~0xA657	M0~M7679			
-	0xA658~0xA677	M8000~M8511			
-	0xA678~0xA777	S0~S4095			
-	0xA778~0xA78B	TS0~TS319			
-	0xA78C~0xA797	Unused address			
-	0xA798~0xA7A7	CS0~CS255			
-	0xA7A8∼0xA7AF	Y0~Y177			
0xA7B0~0xA7B7	-	Unused address			
0xA7B8∼0xA7BF	-	X0~X177			
An error occurs when accessing an unused address					
CN200 $\sim$ 255 is a 32-bit counter					

# 2.11.1.4. Bit device Communication address number

MOD					
Input (readout dedicated)	Coil (read/write)	MX3G device			
-	0x0000~0x1DFF	M0~M7679			
-	0x1E00~0x1FFF	M8000~M8511			
-	0x2000~0x2FFF	S0~S4095			
-	0x3000~0x313F	TS0~TS319			
-	0x3140~0x31FF	Unused address			
-	0x3200~0x32FF	CS0~CS255			
-	0x3300~0x337F	Y0~Y177			
0x3380~0x33FF	-	Unused address			
0x3400~0x347F	-	X0~X177			
An error occurs when accessing an unused address					



# 2.11.1.5. ADPRW Command function parameter

Operand function	S1. Function code	S2.  MODBUS  address/subfunction code	S3. Access points/subfunction data	D. Data storage device start
Coil readout	1Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~2000	Read object device D.R.M.Y.S
Input readout	2Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~2000	Read object device D.R.M.Y.S
Holding register readout	3Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~125	Read object device D.R
Input register readout	4H	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~125	Read object device D.R
Single coil write	5Н	MODBUS Address: 00000H~FFFFH	()(Fix)	Write object device D.R.X.Y.M.S 0=OFF 1=ON
Single register write	6Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	0(Fix)	Write object device D.R
Bulk coil writing	FH	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~1968	Write object device D.R.X.Y.M.S
Bulk register write	10H	MODBUS Address: 00000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~123	Write object device D.R



# 2.11.2. Serial port 2: RS485(A B)

Support MITSUBISHI programming port protocol, Mitsubishi BD board protocol, Free port protocol and MODBUS RTU protocol;

The special relays and registers related to this serial port are as below:

Functions	Serial port 2(A/B)	Serial port 3(A1/B1)	Remark
Mitsubishi programming port protocol	M8196=0	M8192=0	power lost can not be retentive
Freeport protocol function	M8196=1 M8125=0	M8192=1	
RS/RS2 sending mark	M8122=1	M8402=1	
RS/RS2 sending completion mark	-	-	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving completion mark	M8123	M8403	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving process mark	M8124	M8404	Data is receiving
RS/RS2 command 8/16 bits differentiation mark	M8161	M8161	
RS2 command end operation settings	-	1	
MODBUS function	M8196=1 M8125=1	M8192=1	
RD3A/WR3A Receive correct mark	M8128	M8408	Automatic reset
RD3A\WR3A communication over-time mark	M8129	M8409	Automatic reset
ADPRW command completion mark	M8029	M8029	Command execution end mark
Communication parameters	D8120	D8400	
Communication mode	-	D8401	
Master-slave station number	D8121	D8414	
RD3A/WR3A overtime	D8129	D8409	Unit: ms (detailed setting,refer to explanation)
RD3A/WR3A interval period	D8126	D8406	
RD3A\WR3A end operation -1	0	1	
ADPRW command settings	D8397=0	D8397=1	

M8196: the activation flag of using programming port protocol and other



protocol.

M8125: the activation flag of using MODBUS and the original Mitsubishi function.

M8122: RS sending flag (this bit needs to be set 1 when using the RS instruction, and it will automatically reset after sending).

M8123: RS receiving completion flag, need to reset manually.

M8124: RS command data is being received.

M8161: 8-bit/16-bit mode flag of RS instruction

M8128: RD3A / WR3A receive the correct flag.

M8129:RD3A/WR3A communication over-time flag. (when communication is over-time, flag is ON)

M8029: Communication completion flag (communication completion flag when using ADPRW instruction, need to reset manually).

D8120: Save the communication parameters of Modbus RTU protocol, see the figure below for specific settings.D8121: Save the host or slave station number.

D8129: RD3A and WR3A timeout period. (The unit is milliseconds, it is recommended to set: when the communication rate setting is greater than or equal to 9600, D8129 is set to 10~20; when the communication rate setting is less than 9600, D8129 is set to 20~50)

D8126: Interval period. Default as 10 times.

D8397: When using the serial port 2 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8397 to 0.

Support RS, WR3A, RD3A, ADPRW instructions. Can be set in the parameter zone, corresponding to serial port 2. The parameter zone settings are only valid for this channel. It is invalid for serial port 3.

#### 2.11.2.1. Mitsubishi programming port protocol

When used as programming port protocol: set M8196=0.



# 2.11.2.2. Free port protocol function and example

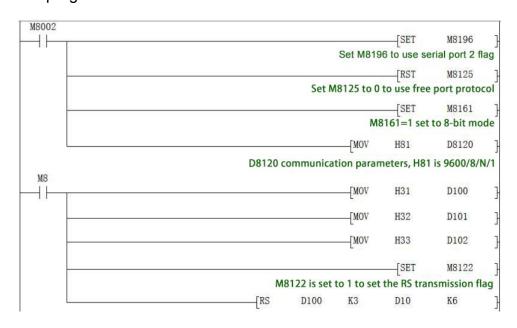
When used as Mitsubishi free port protocol: set M8196=1, M8125=0; the difference between Mitsubishi protocol 1 and protocol 4 is with end mark OA OD ( stored in D8124, D8125 separately)

For Mitsubishi Freeport Protocol, RS instruction is supported, the D8120 only needs to set the value of the lower 8 bits.

b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b	)
------------------------	---

b0	Data length 0:7 bits 1:8bits				
b1	Odd and Even (b2,b1)				
b2	00: None 01: Odd 02: Even				
b3	Stop bit				
	0: 1 bit				
	1: 2 bits				
b4	BPS rate (b7,b6,b5,b4)				
b5	(0100):600bps (0101):1200bps (0110):2400bps				
b6	(0111):4800bps (1000):9600bps (1001):19200bps				
b7	(1010):38400bps (1011):57600bps (1101):115200bps				

# Demo program:



Use the serial port tool by serial port 2 to monitor the data obtained is

[2019:11:01:10:49:16][receive]31 32 33



# 2.11.2.3. Modbus RTU Protocol

When used as MOdbus RTU: set M8196=1,M8125=1; set D8120 as communication parameters, D8121 sets the station number of the slave. For example: D8120=HE081,D8121=H1(communications parameter as 9600/8/n/1,station number is 1)

**D8120 Parameter set** 

b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
	b0			0:7	ita len 7 bit 8 bit	igth									
	b1 b2				rity (t :None		-	Odd		11:Ev	ven				
	b3			Sto	op bit		0:1	bit		1:2 t	oit				
	b4			Ba	ud ra	te (b)	7 b6 b	5 b4)							
	b5			01	00:60	0bps	01	101:12	200bp	s (	)110:2	2400b	ps		
	b6			01	11:48	00bp	os 1	1000:9	9600b	ps	1001	:1920	0bps		
	b7			10	10:38	400b	ps	1011	:5760	0bps	11	00:11	5200	bps	
	b8														
	b9			Se	t O										
	b1	0		50	. 0										
	b1	1													
	b1	2		RT	U/AS	SCII	Mode	Sele	ction	0:F	RTU	1:4	SCII		
	b1	3		Se	t 1										
	b1-	4		Se	t 1										

# RD3A Program example (refer to 2.11.1.1):

Set 1

Slave program:

b15



#### Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  H0E081
                                                                                              D8120
 11
                                                                      set D8120 communication parameter
                                                                         VOM.
                                                                                  KO
                                                                                              D299
                                                                      Set D299=0, means using serial port2
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  K10
                                                                                              D300
                                                                         Set D300 as read register numbers
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  K255
                                                                                              D8121
                                                    D8121 master-slave station number, set 255 when master
                                                                         TMOV
                                                                                  K10
                                                                                              D8129
                                                                        Set RD3A communication timeout
                                                                        LWOA
                                                                                  K20
                                                                                              D8126
                                                                            Set RD3A number of intervals
                                                                                   -[SET
                                                                                              M8196
                                                                         M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
                                                                                              M8125
                                                                                   JSET.
                                                                  M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
 M7
                                                              TRD3A
                                                                                  K100
                                                                                              D300
                                                                         Set D300 as read register numbers
```

# **Program explanation:**

D300 saves the numbers of registers read, which means that 10 data is read.

When using serial port 2, D.-1, here D299 must be set to 0.

This program represents that 10 data of the registers D100-D109 in the PLC with the slave station 1 are read and stored in the registers D301-D310 of the master station PLC.



WR3A Program example (refer to 2.11.1.1):

#### Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                        -TMOV
                                                                                   H0E081
                                                                                              D8120
                                                                    set D8120 communication parameter
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  KO
                                                                                              D299
                                                                      Set D299=0, means using serial port2
                                                                                              D300
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                   K1
                                                                         Set D300 as read register numbers
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                   K101
                                                                                              D301
                                                               Set D301 data that needs to be written to Slave
                                                                                              M8196
                                                                                   SET
                                                                         M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
                                                                                   SET
                                                                                              M8125
                                                                  M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
                                                                        MOV
                                                                                   K255
                                                                                              D8121
                                                    D8121 master-slave station number, set 255 when master
                                                                        MOA
                                                                                  K10
                                                                                              D8129
                                                                     Set RD3A communication timeout
                                                                        -[MOV
                                                                                   K20
                                                                                              D8126
                                                                           Set RD3A number of intervals
 M7
                                                            TWR3A
                                                                                   K100
                                                                                              D300
                                                                        K1
                                                                       Set D300 as read registers numbers
```

#### Slave program:

```
M8002

[MOV H0E081 D8120 ]

Set D8120 communication parameter

[MOV K1 D8121 ]

Set slave station number as 1

[SET M8196 ]

M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag

[SET M8125 ]

M8125 set 1, using Modbus Rtu function
```

# **Program explanation:**

This program represents that 1 data of the register D301 in the master PLC is written to the PLC in Slave 1, and is stored in the register D100 of the slave PLC.



# 2.11.2.4. MODBUS RTU ADPRW command

03 function code hold register output. (refer to 2.11.1.2):

# Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                       -LWOA
                                                                                 H0E081
                                                                                            D8120
 - 1
                                                                          Set D8120 com parameter value
                                                                                             M8125
                                                                                 SET
                                                                 M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
                                                                                 -[SET
                                                                                             M8196
                                                                     M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
                                                                                            D8397
                                                                   When serial port2 use ADPRW, D8397=0
 М9
           T10
                                        FADPRW
                                                                      KO
                                                                                 K6
                                                            Н3
                                                                                            D0
           T10
                                                                                                K30
                                                                                            (T10
          M8029
                                                                                 RST
                                                                                            M9
            ++
```

# Slave program:

```
M8002
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                            D8120
                                                                                 H0E081
                                                                       Set D8120 com parameter value
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 K1
                                                                                            D8121
                                                                        Set D8121 slave station number
                                                                      -DMOV
                                                                                 KO
                                                                                            D8397
                                                                 When serial port2 use ADPRW, D8397=0
                                                                                            M8125
                                                                                 SET
                                                                  M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
                                                                                            M8196
                                                                                 SET
                                                                      M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
M8002
                                                                      -TMOV
                                                                                 K12
                                                                                            DO
                                                                       VOM-
                                                                                 K23
                                                                                            D1
                                                                       TMOV.
                                                                                 K24
                                                                                            D2
                                                                       -TMOV
                                                                                 K56
                                                                                            D3
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 K78
                                                                                            D4
                                                                       - MOA
                                                                                 K99
                                                                                            D5
```



Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 2 for below data:

[2017:11:01:17:48:54][receive]01 03 00 00 00 06 C5 C8

[2017:11:01:17:48:54][receive]01 03 0C 00 0C 00 17 00 22 00 38 00 4E 00 63 C4 29

#### 2.11.2.5. Modbus ASCII Protocol

When used as Modbus ASCII protocol, specific parameter setting pls refer 2.11.2.3, Only the 12th bit of D8120 is set differently, checking D8120 parameter setting in section 2.11.2.3.

Note: In modbus ASCII protocol, ADPRW command is not supported.

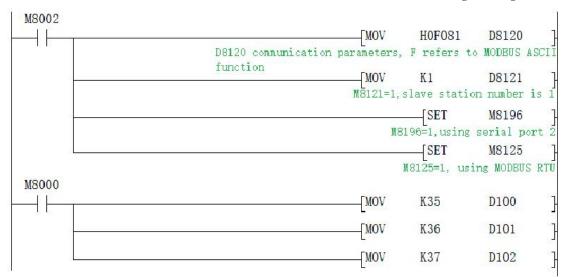
Program example

Master program:

```
M8002
                                                       MOV
                                                                H0F081
                                                                            D8120
                                                              F refers to MODBUS ASC
                               D8120 communication parameters,
                               function
                                                                            D299
                                                       MOV
                                                                K0
                                                           D299=0, using serial port 2
                                                       MOV
                                                                K100
                                                                            D300
                                                 Set D300 to the read registers numbers
                                                       MOV
                                                                K255
                                 D8121 master and slave station number, the master must
                                 be set to 255
                                                       MOV
                                                                K10
                                                                            D8129
                                         D8129 set communication timeout time when RD3A
                                                       MOV
                                                                K10
                                                                            D8126
                                           D8126 set interval circles numbers when RD3A
                                                                            M8196
                                                                 SET
                                                            M8196=1, using serial port
                                                                 SET
                                                                            M8125
                                                              M8125=1, using MODBUS RTU
M800
                                             RD3A
                                                                D10
                                                                            D300
                                                       Set D300 as read registers numbers
```

Slave program:





Data of the Master D300~D303 before and after the program execution is showed as below.



# 2.11.3. Serial port 3:RS485 (A1 B1)/RS232

Support Mitsubishi programming port protocol, RS2 protocol and MODBUS protocol.

The special relays and registers related to this serial port are as below.

Functions	Serial port 2(A/B)	Serial port 3(A1/B1)	Remark
Mitsubishi programming port	M8196=0		26232 or higher version: power lost can not be retentive
Freeport protocol function	M8196=1 M8125=0	M8192=1	
RS/RS2 sending mark	M8122=1	M8402=1	
RS/RS2 sending completion mark	-	-	Need to reset manually



RS/RS2 receiving completion mark	M8123	M8403	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving process mark	M8124	M8404	Data is receiving
RS/RS2 command 8/16 bits differentiation mark	M8161	M8161	
RS2 command end operation settings	-	1	
MODBUS function	M8196=1 M8125=1	M8192=1	
RD3A/WR3A Receive correct mark	M8128	M8408	Automatic reset
RD3A\WR3A communication over-time mark	M8129	M8409	Automatic reset
ADPRW command completion mark	M8029	M8029	Command execution end mark
Communication parameters	D8120	D8400	
Communication mode	-	D8401	
Master-slave station number	D8121	D8414	D8434:CAN slave station Number D8440\D8442 multi-device mode ID Number
RD3A/WR3A overtime	D8129	D8409	Unit: ms (detailed setting,refer to explanation)
RD3A/WR3A interval period	D8126	D8406	26232 or higher version
RD3A/WR3A end operation -1	0	1	
ADPRW command settings	D8397=0	D8397=1	26232 or higher version
-			

M8192: the activation flag of using programming port protocol and other protocol

M8402: Send flag (use when RS2 instruction).

M8403: Communication completion flag (communication completion flag when using RS instruction, needs to be reset by hand).

M8404: Data is receiving.

M8408: Communication completion mark (Valid while using ADPRW command and needs manual reset).

M8409: Communication time out.



M8029: Communication completion mark (communication completion mark while using ADPRW instruction and needs manual reset).

M8161: 8-bit/16-bit mode distinguishing mark for RS/RS2 command.

D8400: Save the communication parameters of the Modbus RTU protocol D8401:Save the communication mode of serial port 3.

D8401=H0 represents the RS2 free communication mode.

When Modbus RTU: D8401=H11 represents PLC as Slave. D8401=H1 represents PLC as Master.

When Modbus ASCII: D8401=H111represents PLC as Slave; D8401=H101represents PLC as Master.

D8406: Interval period. Default as 12 times.

D8409: overtime time. (The unit is milliseconds, it is recommended to set: when the communication rate is greater than or equal to 9600, D8409 is set to 10~20; when the communication rate is set to less than 9600, D8409 is set to 20~50;)

D8414: Save the master or slave station number (The value mast be set as max K255 as master).

D8126: When using the serial port 3 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8126 to 1.

D8397: When using the serial port 3 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8397 to 1.

Support RS2,WR3A,RD3A,ADPRW instructions,Can be set in parameter zone, correspond to serial port 3. Parameter zone settings are valid only for this channel. Invalid for serial port 2.

#### **D8400 Parameter set**

b0	Data length 0:7 bit 1:8 bit
b1	Parity (b2,b1)
b2	00:None 01:Odd 11:Even
b3	Stop bit 0:1 bit 1:2 bit



b4 b5 b6 b7	Baud rate (b7 b6 b5 b4) 0100:600bps 0101:1200bps 0110:2400bps 0111:4800bps 1000:9600bps 1001:19200bps
b8~b15	Unavailable, Set 0

#### **D8401 Parameter set**

	Select protocol							
b0	0: Other communication protocol							
	1: MODBUS protocol							
b1~b3	Unavailable, Set 0							
1.4	Master/Slave setting							
b4	0: MODBUS Master 1: MODBUS Slave							
b5~b7	Unavailable, Set 0							
b8	RTU/ASCII Mode selection 0:RTU 1:ASCII							
b9~b15	Unavailable, Set 0							

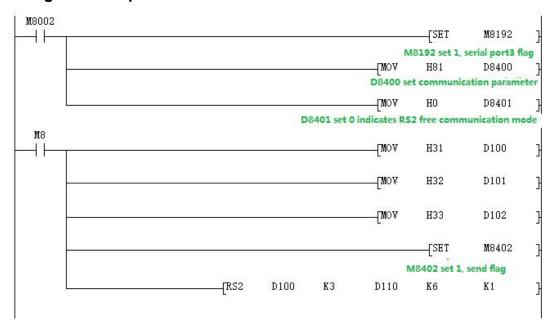
# 2.11.3.1. Mitsubishi programming protocol

When using as mitsubishi programming port protocol: set M8192=0.

# 2.11.3.2. Free port protocol

When using as mitsubishi free port protocol: set M8192=1, M8402=1;

# Program example:





Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for data:

# [2017:11:01:11:49:16][receive]31 32 33

Last parameter of RS2 instruction =1: Serial port 3.

# 2.11.3.3. Modbus RTU protocol RD3A/WR3A command

Used as MOdbus RTU: set M8192=1; set D8400 as communication parameters, set D8414 s as master slave station no.

For example: D8400=H81, D414=K1 (communications parameter as 9600/8/n/1,slave station number is 1)

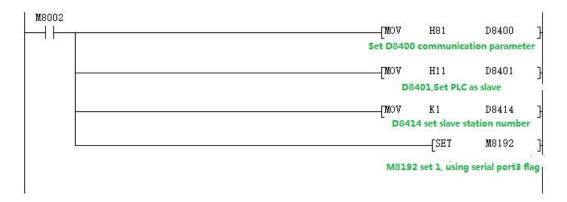
# **RD3A Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.1):**

Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                                H81
                                                                                            D8400
                                                                    D8400 set communication parameter
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                                H1
                                                                                            D8401
                                                                          D8401=1, PLC as master
                                                                                K255
                                                                                            D8414
                                                                      MOV
                                                                             When master, D8414=255
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                                K10
                                                                                            D8409
                                                                                D8409 time out
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                                K20
                                                                                            D8406
                                                                           Set RD3A numbers of interval
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                                K1
                                                                                            D299
                                                                       Set D299=1, using serial port3
                                                                      TMOV
                                                                     Set D300 as read registers numbers
                                                                                            M8192
                                                                                SET
                                                                         Set M8192=1, using serial port3
                                                            _RD3A
                                                                                K100
                                                                                            D300
                                                                       Set D300 as read registers numbers
```

Slave program:





Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

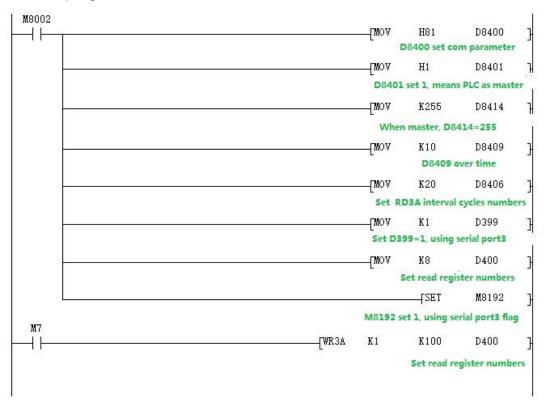
[2017:11:01:09:00:11][receive]01 03 00 64 00 0A 84 12

[2017:11:01:09:00:11][receive]01 03 14 00 42 00 4D 00 58 00 58 00 63 00

# 37 00 2C 00 21 00 16 00 0B 9F C7

WR3A Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.1):

# Master program





# Slave program

```
M8002
                                                                         MOA
                                                                                    H81
                                                                                                D8400
 4 1
                                                                                 D8400 set com parameter
                                                                         TMOV.
                                                                                                D8401
                                                                                   H11
                                                                                   D8401 set PLC as slave
                                                                         -LMOA
                                                                                                D8414
                                                                        D8414 set slave station number
                                                                                               M8192
                                                                                    SET
                                                                           M8192 set 1, using serial port3 flag
```

Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

[2017:11:01:09:25:20][receive]01 10 00 64 00 08 10 00 0B 00 16 00 21 00

2C 00 37 00 42 00 4D 00 58 D1 6C

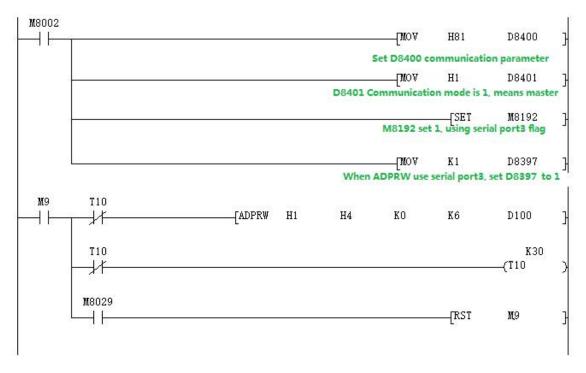
[2017:11:01:09:25:20][receive]01 10 00 64 00 08 10 00 0B 00 16 00 21 00

2C 00 37 00 42 00 4D 00 58 D1 6C

# 2.11.3.4. MODBUS RTU ADPRW Command

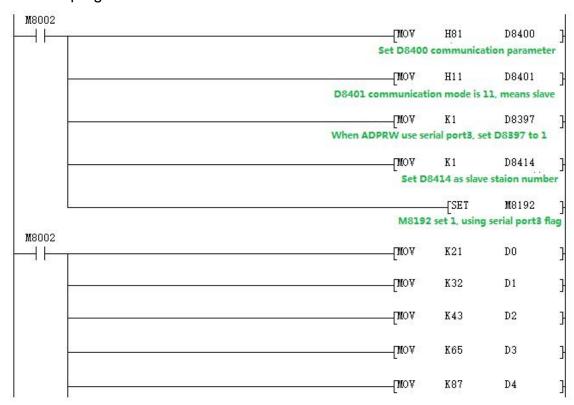
04 register input readout. Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.2):

# Master program





#### Slave program



Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

[2017:11:01:17:38:34][receive]01 04 00 00 00 06 70 08

[2017:11:01:17:38:34][receive]01 04 0C 00 15 00 20 00 2B 00 41 00 57 00

00 5F A7

#### 2.11.3.5. Modbus ASCII Function

When used as Modbus ASCII protocol, specific parameter setting please refer to 2.11.3, Only the 8th bit of D8401 is set differently, checking D8120 parameter setting in section 2.11.3.

Note: In modbus ASCII protocol, ADPRW command is not supported.

Program example

Master program:

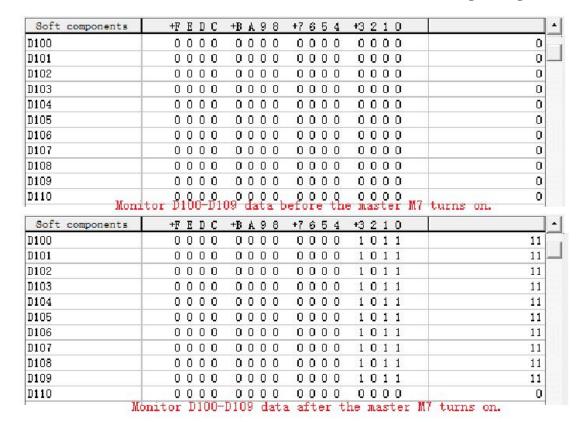


```
M8002
                                                          MOV
                                                                   H81
                                                                              D8400
 D8400 set communication parameter, 9600/8/n/1
                                                          MOV
                                                                   H101
                                                                              D8401
                                                                D8401=101, PLC as master
                                                          MOV
                                                                    K255
                                                                              D8414
                                                    When as master, needs to set D8414=255
                                                          MOV
                                                                              D8409
                                                                   K10
                                                                           D8409 timeout
                                                          MOV
                                                                              D8406
                                                                   K10
                                                                  Set WR3A interval cycles
                                                          MOV
                                                                              D399
                                                                   K1
                                                           Set D399=1 ,using serial port
                                                          MOV
                                                                    K10
                                                                              D400
                                                          Set the number of registers read
                                                                    SET
                                                                              M8192
                                                              M8192=1 , using serial port 3
 M7
                                                WR3A
                                                                   K200
                                                                              D400
```

# Slave program:

Data of the Slave D100~D109 before and after the program execution is showed as below:





#### 2.11.4. Network N:N communication

#### 2.11.4.1. Related device content

# 1. N:N network setting device

Soft element	name	content	Set value
		Set the flag for communication parameters.	
M8038	Darameter setting	It can also be used as a flag to confirm the presence of	
W10030	Parameter setting	N:N network programs.	
		Do not turn ON in the sequence program.	
	Corresponding	N:N network setting station number when using.The	
D8176	station number	master station is set to 0, and the slave station is set to 1	0~15
	setting	to 15. [Initial value: 0]	
	Clave total number	Set the total number of slave stations.	
D8177	Slave total number	No setting is required in the PLC of the slave station.	
	setting	[Initial value: 7]	
		Select the mode of the number of device points to	
D0170	Refresh	communicate with each other.	0~2
D8178	Range setting	ing No setting is required in the PLC of the slave station.	
		[Initial value: 0]	



D8394	Serial channel selection	=2: Serial port 2 =3: Serial port 3	2~3

# 2. Components for judging N:N network errors

M8184~M8190, M8496~M8503: The data transmission sequence error flag of the slave station.

When a data transmission sequence error occurs in each slave station, the corresponding flag bit turns ON.

	Station No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Relay	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
		8184	8185	8186	8187	8188	8189	8190	8496	8497	8498	8499	8500	8501	8502	8503

# 3. Link device

It is a device for sending and receiving information between programmable controllers. The device number and the number of points used differ depending on the station number set in the corresponding station number setting and the mode set in the refresh range setting.

# 1) Mode 0 (D8178=0):

Station No	Station							
Station No	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Word device (4	D0~D3	D10~	D20~	D30~	D40~	D50~	D60~	D70~
points each)		D13	D23	D33	D43	D53	D63	D73
Station No	Station							
Station No	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Word device (4	D80~	D90~	D100~	D110~	D120~	D130~	D140~	D150~
points each)	D83	D93	D103	D113	D123	D133	D143	D153

# 2) Mode 1 (D8178=1):

Station No	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Bit device (32 points each)	M1000~ M1031	M1064~ M1095	M1128~ M1159	M1192~ M1223	M1256~ M1287	M1320~ M1351	M1384~	M1448~ M1479
Word device (4 points each)	D0~D3	D10~ D13	D20~ D23	D30~ D33	D40~ D43	D50~ D53	D60~ D63	D70~ D73



Station No	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station
Station No	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Bit device (32	M1512~	M1576~	M1640~	M1704~	M1768~	M1832~	M1896~	M1960~
points each)	M1543	M1607	M1671	M1735	M1799	M1863	M1927	M1991
Word device (4 points each))	D80~ D83	D90~ D93	D100~ D103	D110~ D113	D120~ D123	D130~ D133	D140~ D143	D150~ D153

# 3) Mode 2 (D8178=2):

Station No	Station 0	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Station 4	Station 5	Station 6	Station 7
Bit device (64 points each)	M1000~ M1063	M1064~ M1127	M1128~ M1191	M1192~ M1255	M1256~ M1319	M1320~ M1383	M1384~ M1447	M1448~ M1511
Word device (8 points each)	D0~D7	D10~ D17	D20~ D27	D30~ D37	D40~ D47	D50~ D57	D60~ D67	D70~ D77
Station No	Station 8	Station 9	Station 10	Station 11	Station 12	Station 13	Station 14	Station 15
Bit device (64 points each)	M1512~ M1575	M1576~ M1639	M1640~ M1703	M1704~ M1767	M1768~ M1831	M1832~ M1895	M1896~ M1959	M1960~ M2023
Word device (8 points each)	D80~ D87	D90~ D97	D100~ D107	D110~ D117	D120~ D127	D130~ D137	D140~ D147	D150~ D157

# 2.11.4.2. Program setting and description

The program settings are as shown below. It is recommended to set the timeout wait register D8129/D8409/D8429 above 12. It is only necessary to set the corresponding special register to achieve the data sharing of the corresponding interval register and auxiliary relay. Channel M8184~M8190 and the rear 8 channels M8496~M8503, you can check the status of each slave, if there is no connection, turn ON

# 1. Serial port 2





# Master program:

```
*<Serial port selection, D8394=2 is serial port 2>
M8002
                                                  MOV
                                                             K2
                                                                        D8394
                                                                 *<Host, fixed to 0>
                                                  MOV
                                                             K0
                                                                        D8176
M8038
                                                               *<Number of slaves>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8177
                                                                 *<Mode selection>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8178
                                           *<Host communication timeout time: ms>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8129
                                                             K35
```

# Slave program:

# 2. Serial port 3

Such as serial port 2, only need the master and slave program to set D8394=3



#### 3. **HMI**

#### 3.1. How to install TPWorks software

(Please go to the official website : <u>WWW.COOLMAY.COM</u> to download the latest version)

This chapter will detaily introduce the installation process of TPWorks software.

Hardware requirements

The basic hardware requirements for installing TPWorks editing software are as follows:

- 1. Personal computer host: It is recommended to use a CPU of 80486 or higher.
- 2. Memory: It is recommended to use more than 128MB RAM to expand the memory.
  - 3. Hard disk: The hard disk must have more than 100MB of space.
  - 4. Display: General VGA or SVGA display card.
  - 5. Mouse: Use a Windows compatible mouse.
  - 6. Printer: Use a Windows compatible printer.

Before you install it, please check whether the computer hardware is as above or higher. In order to avoid problems with hardware incompatibility, please use the recommended specifications as much as possible. If you have any questions, please contact our customer service.

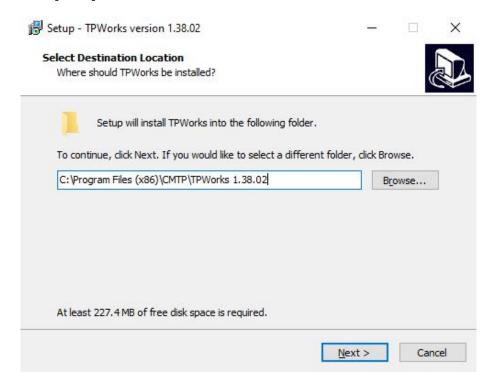
Software source

You can enter our company's website <u>WWW.COOLMAY.COM</u> to obtain the latest version of the software.

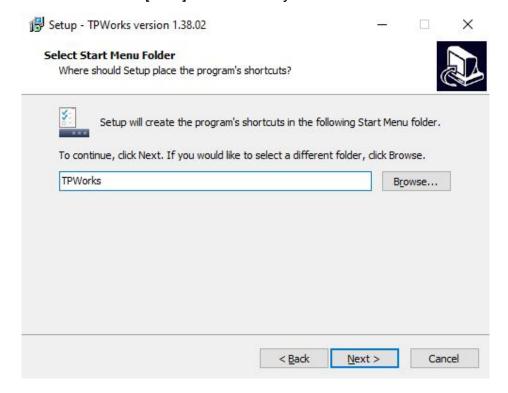
Installation steps (take the simplified Chinese version of TPWorks as an example), note that "TPWorks \*\*\*" software version is subject to the official website.

Select TPWorks 13802.exe in the installer window to start the installer and start the installation;

•Set the storage path of the installation file, select the default, or enter the address, or click the [Browse ...] button to select the address, and then click the [Next] button;

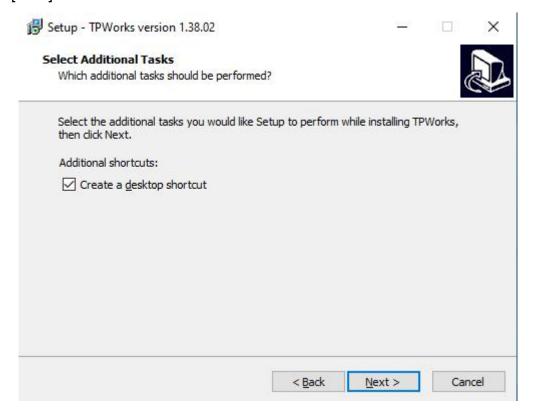


•Set the name of the saved folder. It is recommended to select the default and click the [Next] button directly.

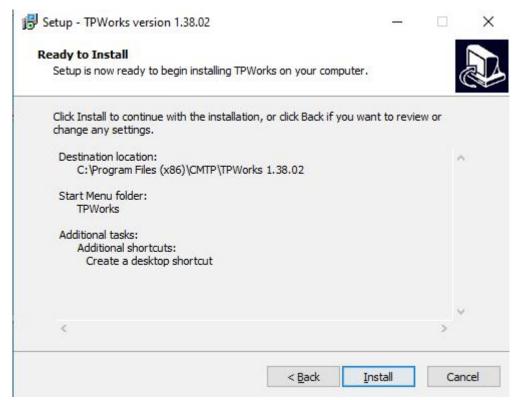




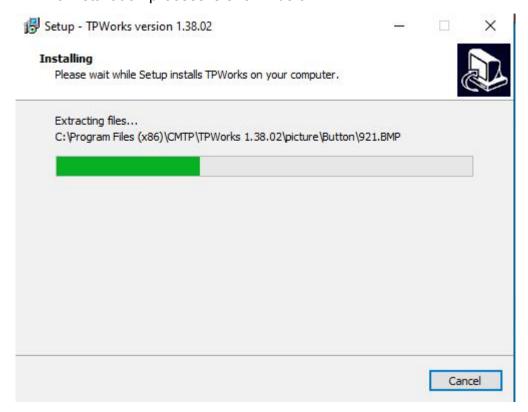
Choose whether to create a desktop shortcut icon, and then click the [Next] button.



•Confirm the installation path and other installation information, and then click the [Install] button to install.



•The installation process is shown below:



Click [Next] to install the driver wizard

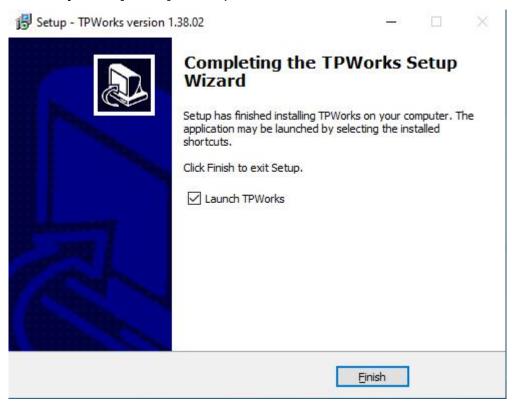


The driver installation is completed





•Finally, click [Finish] to complete the installation.



## 3.2. How to open the TPWorks software

After the installation of TPWorks software is completed, a shortcut will be



placed on the desktop . At the same time, the corresponding mView program group has been added to the Windows start menu:



Choose either of the above two methods to open the mView programming software, and the startup window will pop up when the application is opened, as shown in the figure below. After the software is opened, it will follow the menu bar [View] -> [Auxiliary Settings] -> [File]->Program automatically opens the check box of the old project, to determine whether to start the last project file when the software is opened, or not to open any file.



## 3.3. New HMI File

To create a new project, you can directly click [New File] under [File] menu, Or click the icon  $\Box$  in the toolbar, Or use the hot key Ctrl + N set by the system. The dialog box shown below is displayed:



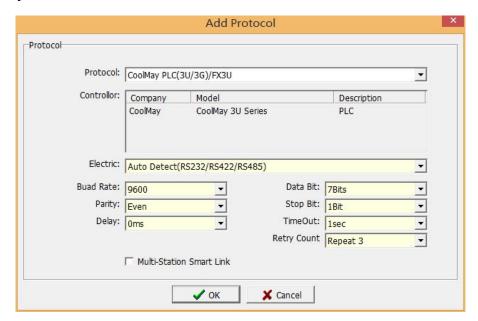


Project Title: Enter the name of the new project;

Model Number: Select the model of the human machine interface (HMI); (MX3G-43C selects model TP6043C; MX3G-70C selects model TP6070C) Display Direction: Select whether the editing screen is displayed horizontally or vertically;

Project help: Enter a help description for the newly created project, or you can choose not to enter it.

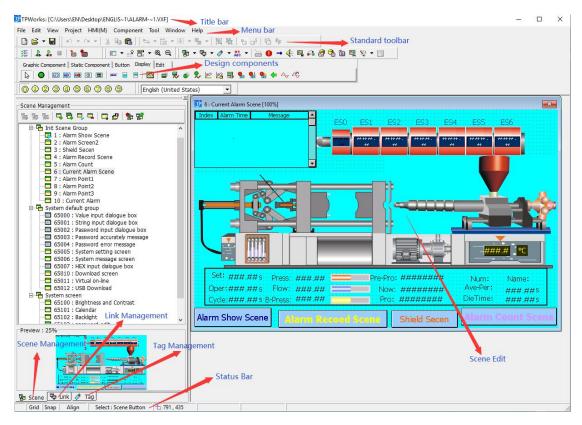
After completing the project-related information input, click the [OK] button to enter the communication information setting dialog box, as shown below,For specific settings, please refer to Chapter 2.4.2 Communication Management of "Coolmay TP Series HMI User Manual".





## 3.4. TPWorks Program simulation

TPWorks editing interface layout:



- •Title bar: Displays the currently opened project path and file name, window number, and window name.
- Menu bar: A menu that displays various commands of CoolMayView.
   These menus are all pull-down menus.
- •Standard toolbar: Shortcut buttons for placing some commands. Corresponding buttons and editing tools for displaying files, editing, printing and other functions.
  - Design components: Command buttons for component objects.
- •Screen management: The management window of the screen used by the project.
- •Communication management: The project designer manages and sets the window for communication with PLC or other serial devices.
  - •Label management: Set labels for system variables and external



variables to facilitate users to quickly find the corresponding variables.

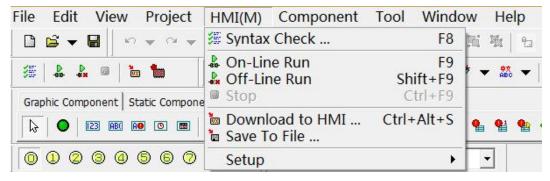
•Status bar: Display the current operating status, human-machine interface parameters, and communication equipment.



## 4. HMI program simulation and download

## 4.1. Program simulation

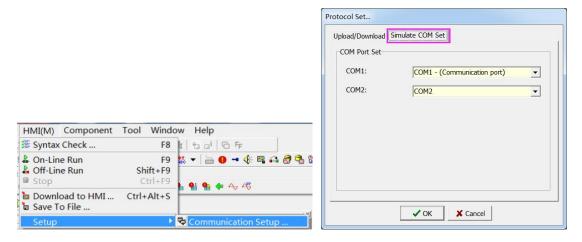
TPWorks provides the function of simulating directly on the PC. You can use this function to simulate the actions performed on the HMI after planning HMI. On the one hand, it increases the convenience of finding program errors, and on the other hand, it can save downloading to the time HMI can connect to the controller. The simulation function of TPWorks is divided into two types: [On-Line Run] and [Off-Line Run], as shown in the figure below.



#### 4.1.1. On-Line Run

This function needs to be connected to the controller, and the program will modify the corresponding contacts and registers set by the controller during execution. It can be used to verify whether the planned program can normally act on the controller.

Before [On-Line Run], you need to set up the communication, as shown in the figure below:



Among them, COM1 and COM2 on the left of [Communication Setup] refer



to the communication ports on HMI, and the setting on the right is the set of communication ports designated by the user on the PC side to simulate the sex-corresponding communication ports of HMI side ,As shown below:

#### 4.1.2. Off-Line Run

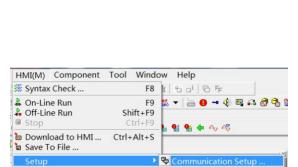
This function does not need to be actually connected to the controller, it can be used to test the normal operation of the program and the verification of various functions.

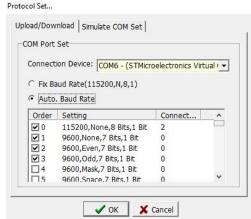
## 4.2. Program download and update O.S. version

After using the PC to simulate and verify that the program is correct, you can start downloading to the HMI and directly use HMI to connect to the controller.

#### 4.2.1. Download to HMI

Before downloading the program to HMI, you need to make communication settings first, please select [HMI]→[Setup]→[Communication Setup], as shown in the figure below:

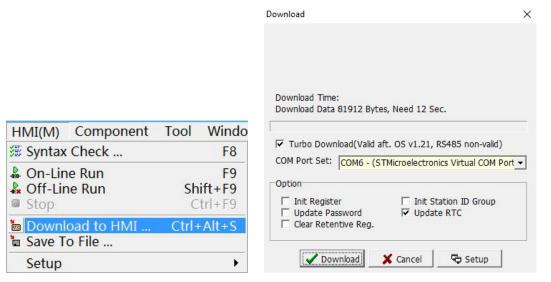




Specify the communication port of the PC in the [Upload/Download] of the communication setting window, that is, the port where the download cable is connected to the PC. For example, COM24, you can select [Use fixed communication rate] in conjunction with HMI [download screen], or let the PC automatically try to download at different rates.

Then select [HMI] → [Download to HMI], and then start to download the HMI program to the HMI, as shown below:



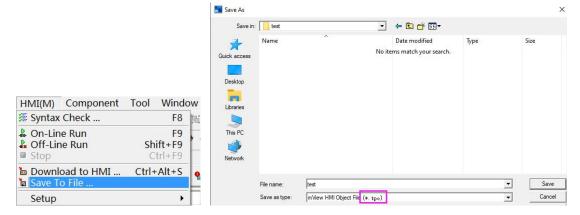


## 4.2.2. Save as HMI program

In addition to downloading the planned program directly to the HMI,

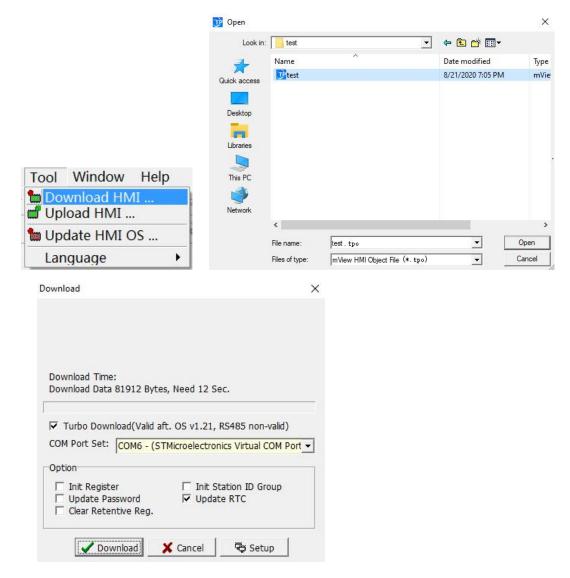
TPWorks also provides the user to save the planned program as a specific file (\*.tpo) for later download and use. Note that this file is only for download and use, and can no longer modify its content.

Select [HMI]→[Save To File...], save the project as a special HMI file of type tpo., as shown in the figure below:



If you need to download this program to the HMI later, select [Tools]→
[Download HMI Program], as shown in the figure below, you can download this program to HMI.

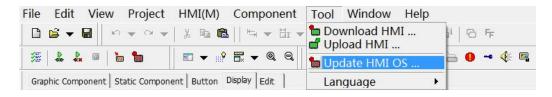




#### 4.2.3. Update HMI OS

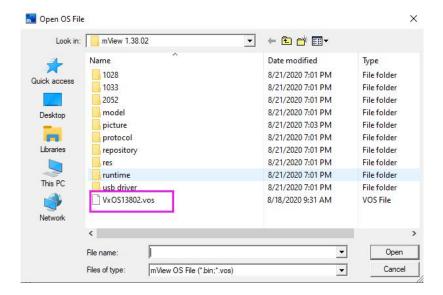
Generally speaking, when the new version of mView software is updated, it will be matched with the corresponding version of the OS. This OS supports the old version of the planning software downwards, but if the user wants to use the functions provided by the new version of the planning software, the new version must be matched OS and HMI OS are updated as follows.

Step 1: Select [Tools]→[Update HMI OS].

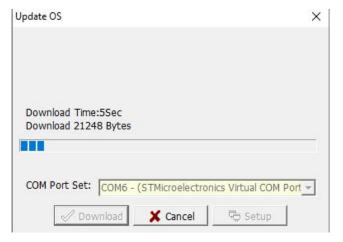


Step 2: Select the OS version to be updated (it is recommended to update

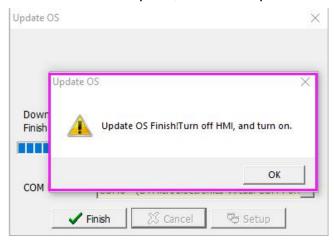
with the planning software version used).



Step 3: Start downloading. (Note: During the OS download process, the HMI must can not be powered off!)



Step 4: After the download is complete, restart the power of the HMI.



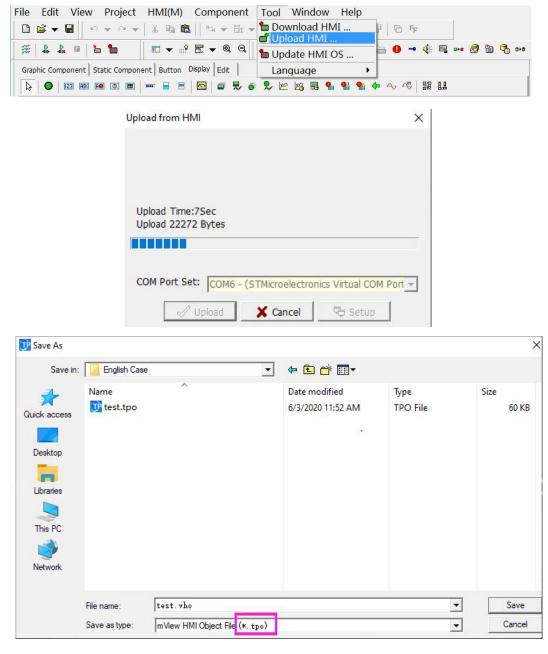


## 4.3. Program upload

Use this function to upload the program in the man-machine back to the PC and save it as an HMI program for later downloading or editing by the user.

## 4.3.1. Upload HMI program

Select [Tool]→[Upload HMI Program] to upload the program from the HMI back to the PC. After the transfer is complete, the user will be asked to save the file as a dedicated file named tpo, as shown in the figure below:

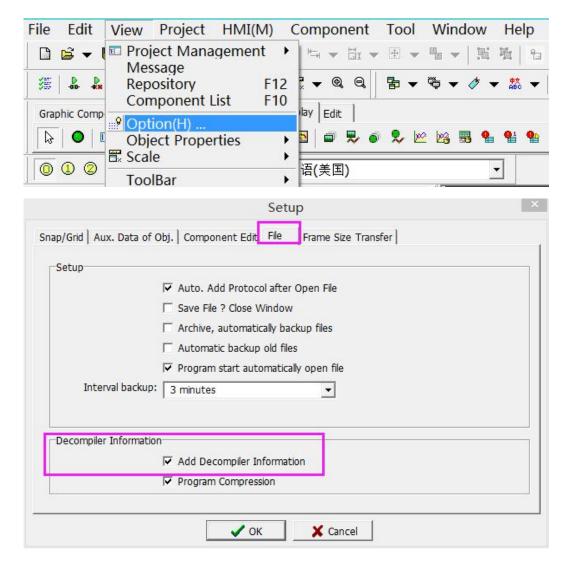


To make the uploaded program editable, you must add the decompiled



information before downloading the program, otherwise the uploaded program can only be used for downloading, and the user cannot edit it.

Select [View] $\rightarrow$ [Option(H)] $\rightarrow$ [File], and tick [Add Decompiled Information]. As shown below:



# 4.4. For detailed usage of the HMI software, please refer to "Coolmay TP Series HMI User Manual"



## 5. Appendix: Version Change Record

Date	Changed version	Changed content
Nov. 2021	V21.111	◆ First edition released
Dec. 2021	V21.11	◆ 2.1 Soft element table, data register changed